Name of dataset or data source:	State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity & Conservation) 2021	
Custodian of the dataset or data source:	ED e-Planning	
Description:	 This SEPP contains: planning rules and controls for the clearing of native vegetation in NSW on land zoned for urban and environmental purposes that is not linked to a development application the land use planning and assessment framework for koala habitat provisions which establish a consistent and coordinated approach to environmental planning and assessment along the River Murray provisions seeking to protect and preserve bushland within public open space zones and reservations provisions to support the water quality objectives for the Sydney drinking water catchment provisions to protect the environment of the Hawkesbury-Nepean River system provisions to manage and improve environmental outcomes for Sydney Harbour and its tributaries provisions which seek to protect, conserve and manage the World Heritage listed Willandra Lakes property. This SEPP has consolidated and repealed: SEPP (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017 SEPP Koala Habitat Protection) 2021 Murray Regional Environmental Plan No 2Riverine Land SEPP No 50Canal Estate Development SEPP (Sydney Drinking Water Catchment) 2011 Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 20- Hawkesbury - Nepean River (No 2 - 1997) Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005 Greater Metropolitan Regional Environmental Plan No 1 - World Heritage Property 	
Data quality rating:	 ★Institutional Environment - 5 ★Accuracy - 5 ★Coherence - 5 ☆Interpretability - 3 ★Accessibility - 5 	

INSTITUTIONAL ENVIRONMENT

Excellent

- The data aligns with the Data Quality Framework, including:
 - Legislation
 - Policies
 - Information Asset Governance
 - Standards
 - Data Management Plans
- ✓ The following governance roles and responsibilities for this asset are clearly assigned:
 - Information Asset Owner
 - Information Asset Custodian
 - Information Steward
- Data collection is authorised by law, regulation or agreement
- The Custodial agency has no commercial interest or conflict of interest in the data

ACCURACY

Excellent

 Data has been subject to a data assurance process (for example: Checking for errors at each stage of data collection and processing, or verifying data entry and making corrections if necessary.)

Data is revised and the revision is published if errors are identified

There are no known gaps in the data or if there are gaps (for example: non-responses, missing records, data not collected), they have been identified in caveats attached to the dataset.

✓ No changes have been made or other factors identified (for example: weighting, rounding, de-identification of data, changes or flaws in data collection or verification methods) that could affect the validity of the data; or any changes/factors have been identified in caveats attached to the asset.

 The data collection met the objectives of the primary user. The data correctly represents what it was designed to measure, monitor or report.

COHERENCE

Excellent

Standard definitions, common concepts, classifications and data recording practices have been used.

- Elements within the data can be meaningfully compared.
- ✓ This data is generally consistent with similar or related data sources from the same discipline

 The data can be analysed over time (for example, there have not been any significant changes in the way items are defined, classified or counted over time).

✓ The data does not form part of a collection or, if it is the latest in a series of data releases, there have not been any changes in methodology or external impacts since the last data release.

INTERPRETABILITY

Good

- Information is available to help users evaluate the accuracy of the data and any level of error
- Information is available to explain concepts, help users correctly interpret the data and understand how it can be used
- Information is available to explain ambiguous or technical terms used in the data

x Information is available about the primary data sources and methods of data collection (e.g. instruments, forms, instructions).

 ${f i}\,$ Find out more about the data dictionary from the Custodian (contact details below).

i Find out more about the primary data sources and methods of data collection from the Custodian (contact details below).

i Find out more about concepts used in this dataset and how to understand or interpret the data from the Custodian (contact details below).

i Find out more about ambiguous or technical terms used in the data from the Custodian (contact details below).

ACCESSIBILITY

Excellent

*

- Data is available online with an open licence
- ✓ Data is available in machine-processable, structured form (e.g. CSV format instead of an image scan of a table)
- Data is available in a non-proprietary format (e.g. CSV, XML)
- ✓ Data is described using open standards (e.g. RDF, SPARQL) and persistent identifiers (URIs or DOIs)

 Data is linked to other data, to provide context (e.g. employee ID is linked to employee name or species name is linked to genus)

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For more information about this dataset or data source, contact:	NSW Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure
Data Broker email:	data.broker@environment.nsw.gov.au
Data Broker phone:	131555

The data quality statement aims to help you understand how a particular dataset could be used and whether it can be compared with other, similar datasets. It provides a description of the characteristics of the data to help you decide whether the data will be fit for your specific purpose.

The Data Quality statement is prepared by the data custodian (provider of the dataset), using a questionnaire that has been developed in accordance with the NSW Government Standard for Data Quality Reporting.

About the quality rating:

The reporting questionnaire asks five questions for each of these data quality dimensions:

- Institutional Environment
- Accuracy
- Coherence
- Interpretability
- Accessibility

For each question: "yes" = 1 point; "no" = 0 points

The number of points determines the Quality Level for each dimension (high, medium, low). Only dimensions with four or five points receive a star.

Quality Level	Star / No Star
Poor	No Star
Poor	No Star
Fair	No Star
Good	No Star
Very Good	Star
Excellent	Star
	Poor Poor Fair Good Very Good

Evaluating data quality

Quality relates to the data's "fitness for purpose". Users can make different assessments about the dataquality of the same data, depending on their "purpose" or the way they plan to use the data.

The following questions may help you evaluate data quality for your requirements. This list is not exhaustive.Generate your own questions to assess data quality according to your specific needs and environment.

- What was the primary purpose or aim for collecting the data?
- How well does the coverage (and exclusions) match your needs?
- How useful are these data at small levels of geography?
- Does the population presented by the data match your needs?
- To what extent does the method of data collection seem appropriate for the information being gathered?
- Have standard classifications (eg industry or occupation classifications) been used in the collection of the data? If not, why? Does this affect the ability to compare or bring together data from different sources?
- Have rates and percentages been calculated consistently throughout the data?
- Is there a time difference between your reference period, and the reference period of the data?
- What is the gap of time between the reference period (when the data were collected) and the release date of thedata?
- Will there be subsequent surveys or data collection exercises for this topic?
- Are there likely to be updates or revisions to the data after official release?