

Title Soil Landscapes of the Woodburn 1:100,000 Sheet

Abstract

This map is one of a series of soil landscape maps that are intended for all of central and eastern NSW, based on standard 1:100,000 and 1:250,000 topographic sheets. The map provides an inventory of soil and landscape properties of the area and identifies major soil and landscape qualities and constraints. It integrates soil and topographic features into single units with relatively uniform land management requirements. Soils are described in terms of soil materials in addition to the Australian Soil Classification and the Great Soil Group systems.

Related Datasets: The dataset area is also covered by the mapping of [Acid Sulphate Soil Risk Mapping](#).

Online Maps: This and related datasets can be viewed using [eSPADE](#) (NSW's soil spatial viewer), which contains a suite of soil and landscape information including soil profile data. Many of these datasets have hot-linked soil reports. An alternative viewer is the [SEED Map](#); an ideal way to see what other natural resources datasets (e.g. vegetation) are available for this map area.

Reference: Morand D.T., 2010, *Soil Landscapes of the Woodburn 1:100,000 Sheet* map, Edition 2, NSW Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water, Sydney.

Morand D.T., 2001, *Soil Landscapes of the Woodburn 1:100,000 Sheet* report, NSW Department of Land and Water Conservation, Sydney.

Resource locator

[Data quality statement](#)

Name: Data quality statement

Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-http--download

Description:

DQS - Soil Landscapes of the Woodburn 1:100,000 Sheet

Function: download

[Show on eSPADE Web Map](#)

Name: Show on eSPADE Web Map

Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-http--download

Description:

View dataset on eSPADE spatial viewer.

Function: download

[NSW Government Online Shop](#)

Name: NSW Government Online Shop

Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-http--download

Description:

Purchase hardcopy map and report from Shop.DPIE website

Function: download

[Soil map information](#)

Name: Soil map information

Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-http--download

Description:

Web page about soil maps in NSW.

Function: download

[Land and soil information](#)

Name: Land and soil information

Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-http--download

Description:

Web page about land and soil information in NSW.

Function: download

Soil landscape map

Name: Soil landscape map
Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-http--download
Description:
Download high quality JPG map
Function: download

GIS data

Name: GIS data
Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-http--download
Description:
Download shapefile and ESRI layer file
Function: download

Soil landscape data package

Name: Soil landscape data package
Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-http--download
Description:
Download complete package: GIS data, soil landscape reports and JPG map.
Function: download

Soil landscape report

Name: Soil landscape report
Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-http--download
Description:
Download complete soil landscape report & individual landscape descriptions.
Function: download

Unique resource identifier

Code 0203537b-5b54-4b2a-aaf5-cc4a2ca5be2d

Presentation form Map digital

Edition 1.0

Dataset language English

Metadata standard

Name ISO 19115

Edition 2016

Dataset URI <https://datasets.seed.nsw.gov.au/dataset/0203537b-5b54-4b2a-aaf5-cc4a2ca5be2d>

Purpose Support natural resource management and decision making.

Status Completed

Spatial representation

Type vector

Geometric Object Type surface

Geometric 1115

Spatial reference system

Code identifying the spatial reference system 4283

Equivalent scale 1:None

Additional information source

GIS Field name descriptions

CODE - Soil landscape code

NAME - Soil landscape name

PROCESS - Process Group of the soil landscape. Groups are named after either recent or current land-forming processes, or conditions that influence soil parent material or soil type. Descriptions of these groups are available within soil landscape reports and on the DPIE website.

LANDSCAPE - A string combining process group and the soil landscape code. The first two capital letters are the process groups abbreviation and the remaining letters are the soil landscape code.

VERSION - Version number

Available Formats

- View online using [eSPADE](#) Spatial viewer
- Download JPG map, report or GIS ESRI shapefiles(.shp) & layer files (.lyr) from [SEED](#) data portal.
- Purchase a hard-copy map and report from [Shop.DPIE](#)
- Soil profile points data is also available in MS spreadsheet format by contacting the data custodians at soils@environment.nsw.gov.au

Topic category

Keyword set

keyword value

AGRICULTURE

GEOSCIENCES-Geology

GEOSCIENCES-Geomorphology

HAZARDS-Flood

HAZARDS-Landslip

LAND-Topography

SOIL

SOIL-Chemistry

SOIL-Erosion

SOIL-Physics

VEGETATION

Originating controlled vocabulary

Title ANZLIC Search Words

Reference date 2008-05-16

Geographic location

West bounding longitude 153.001

East bounding longitude 153.501

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|--|---|
| North bounding latitude | -29.498 |
| South bounding latitude | -28.998 |
| NSW Place Name | Woodburn 1:100,000 map sheet |
| Vertical extent information | |
| Minimum value | -100 |
| Maximum value | 2228 |
| Coordinate reference system | |
| Authority code | urn:ogc:def:cs:EPSG:: |
| Code identifying the coordinate reference system | 5711 |
| Temporal extent | |
| Begin position | 1993-01-01 |
| End position | N/A |
| Dataset reference date | |
| Resource maintenance | |
| Maintenance and update frequency | Unknown |
| Contact info | |
| Contact position | Data Broker |
| Organisation name | NSW Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water |
| Telephone number | 131555 |
| Email address | data.broker@environment.nsw.gov.au |
| Web address | https://www.nsw.gov.au/departments-and-agencies/dcceew |
| Responsible party role | pointOfContact |
| Lineage | <p>Provisional soil landscapes were established firstly on the dominant geomorphic processes responsible for the formation of the landscape and secondly on the geological parent material. The boundaries of these provisional soil landscapes were mapped using stereoscopic interpretation of 1:40,000 scale and 1:60,489 scale black and white and 1:25,000 scale colour aerial photographs. LANDSAT thematic mapper imagery and airborne geophysical data (radiometrics) was used to assist with perception and charting of provisional soil landscapes. These boundaries were transferred onto 1:25,000 topographic base maps. After field checking boundaries and detailed investigations of the soil, the provisional landscapes were confirmed, amalgamated or sub-divided. The resulting soil landscapes are presented on the map at 1:100,000 scale in groups based on their dominant geomorphic processes. A colour has been allocated to each group.</p> <p>Soils were examined and described in detail at over 286 sites. At each site, soil morphological data and site information were recorded on Soil Data System cards. Sufficient field work was undertaken within each soil landscape to identify the range of soil materials present and to enable their distribution within the landscape to be described.</p> <p>The GIS shapefile linework has been updated to reflect latest coastline and hydrology data. Therefore small differences will occur between the shapefile and hard copy map.</p> |
| Limitations on public access | |

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|--|--|
| Scope | dataset |
| DQ Completeness Commission | |
| Effective date | 2010-01-01 |
| Explanation | Each soil landscape generally has at least six soil profile descriptions. Each soil landscape with difficult access has at least two soil profile descriptions. The number of soil profile descriptions and observations are within the recommended range specified in the Australian Soil and Land Survey Handbook (Reid 1988). Soil landscape polygons less than 40 hectares, and elongated polygons less than 300 m wide are generally not shown unless they are unusually significant. |
| DQ Completeness Omission | |
| Effective date | 2010-01-01 |
| DQ Conceptual Consistency | |
| Effective date | 2010-01-01 |
| Explanation | The map and report have been checked for technical consistency and compliance with soil landscape map series standards. Map unit concepts and polygons, major soil types and soil landscape descriptions have been field verified (field edited) by a peer soil surveyor. Soil landscape boundaries have been checked and refined using iterative field and aerial photo checks. |
| DQ Topological Consistency | |
| Effective date | 2010-01-01 |
| Explanation | ArcGIS was used to ensure all polygons in the shapefile are topologically correct. |
| DQ Absolute External Positional Accuracy | |
| Effective date | 2010-01-01 |
| Explanation | Boundaries between soil landscapes are drawn as solid lines where they could be delineated reliably and broken lines where they were more diffuse or difficult to identify. Solid line boundaries are generally accurate within 100m. Dashed line boundaries are generally accurate within 100 to 250m. Dotted line boundaries are generally accurate within 250 to 400m. Observations and soil profile numbers are located onto the field sheets in the field. Location is determined by map reading (with accuracy to 25m) and where this is not possible using Global Positioning Systems (with accuracy within 100m). Field sheets are digitised to 13m accuracy. |
| DQ Non Quantitative Attribute Correctness | |
| Effective date | 2010-01-01 |
| Explanation | Soil landscape map units are individualised by unique combinations of soil type, topography, geology, vegetation, land use existing erosion/land degradation and constraints to development. The land and soil attributes in this product were predominately assessed from field observations and aerial photo interpretation. Soil laboratory tests are undertaken for at least one representative sample for each soil material. Where possible, the chemical test methods adopted are the same as those in Raymond and Higginson (1992). Single test results provided for each soil material are intended as a guide only and variation in physical and chemical properties within each soil material should be anticipated. Soils were examined and described in in the field. At each site, soil morphological data and site information were recorded on Soil and Land Information System (SALIS) cards. Sufficient field work was undertaken within each soil landscape to identify the range of soils present and to enable their distribution within the landscape to be described. |

Responsible party

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Contact position | Data Broker |
| Organisation name | NSW Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water |
| Telephone number | 131555 |
| Email address | data.broker@environment.nsw.gov.au |
| Web address | https://www.nsw.gov.au/departments-and-agencies/dcceew |
| Responsible party role | pointOfContact |

Metadata point of contact

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Metadata date 2024-02-26T13:45:03.969789

Metadata language