Appendix B Species forecasts

How to read the species forecasts

Forecast of landscape capacity

This is the rating of the ability of the species to persist in the landscape into the future considering predicted climate change between 2000 and 2070, existing habitat impacts such as clearing as recorded at 2000, and the movement ability of the population.

Good	G	< 10% lost between 2000 and 2070 and > 10% of 1750 remaining by 2070
Moderate	M	> 10% lost between 2000 and 2070 or < 10% of 1750 remaining by 2070
Poor	P	> 30% lost between 2000 and 2070 or < 5% of 1750 remaining by 2070

Total landscape capacity remaining over time

Landscape capacity is the amount of useable habitat for the species population. High landscape capacity means a location is of suitable type and condition, and has sufficient connectivity to neighbouring habitat to support a viable population. This table shows the changes in landscape capacity for a species population modelled against two baselines; pre-industrial levels of 1750 and 2000, the year NARCliM climate projections began. It demonstrates the predicted impacts of climate change from the perspective of total capacity lost (1750 and capacity lost after land clearing (2000). NB There has been significant further clearing post 2000.

	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	xxx%	xxx%	xxx%	xxx%
Landscape capacity from 2000	xxx%	xxx%	xxx%	xxx%

Predicted range

This is a short summary of the nature of geographic shifts landscape capacity in response to forecast climate change between 2000 to 2070.

Species landscape characteristics

Characteristic	Definition
Species day to day movement ability	How far a species will generally move in its home territory in a single day to seek food
Species dispersal	How far a species will disperse to find new territory
Minimum habitat for viable population	The amount of habitat required for a species population to be viable, e.g. to allow for adequate breeding numbers

Note: Some species will have 'N/A' meaning that characteristic is non-applicable

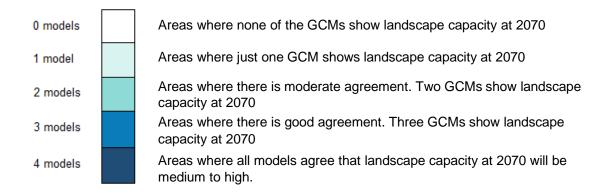
Distribution of landscape capacity over time

This map shows where areas of landscape capacity for a species population have been and are projected to be from 1750 to 2070.

Pre-industrial	Green indicates areas with landscape capacity in 1750 which were lost to land clearing by 2000. Landscape capacity is not predicted to re-emerge.
Pre-industrial and 2000	Aqua indicates areas of landscape capacity that have remained from 1750 to 2000, but expected to be lost by 2070.
Pre-industrial and 2070	Yellow indicates areas of landscape capacity that existed in 1750. These areas are predicted to still have some landscape capacity in 2070.
2070	Red indicates areas that were not previously useful habitat, which are expected to provide new habitat capacity by 2070.
Pre-industrial, 2000 and 2070	White indicates areas of continuous landscape capacity from 1750 to 2070. These areas are regarded as climate refugia.

Climate model consensus (number of models in agreement)

This map shows the degree of agreement across the four Global Circulation Models (GCMs) for the presence of medium to high (>0.25) habitat suitability as at 2070.



Consensus rating

We have also rated the consensus across the GCM models at 2070. A 'Good' rating means there is little variance across the four GCMs at 2070. 'Moderate' indicates 2 or 3 of the models agree, and a 'Poor' rating indicated no agreement. NB: consensus can be 'good' when the agreed landscape capacity for 2070 is 'poor' if all models agree it is poor.

Good	G	The model agreement is rated as Good
Moderate	M	The model agreement is rated as Moderate
Poor	P	The model agreement is rated as Poor

Pouched frog species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Assa darlingtoni

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



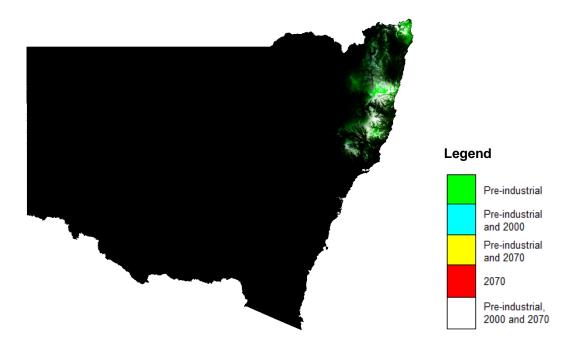
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

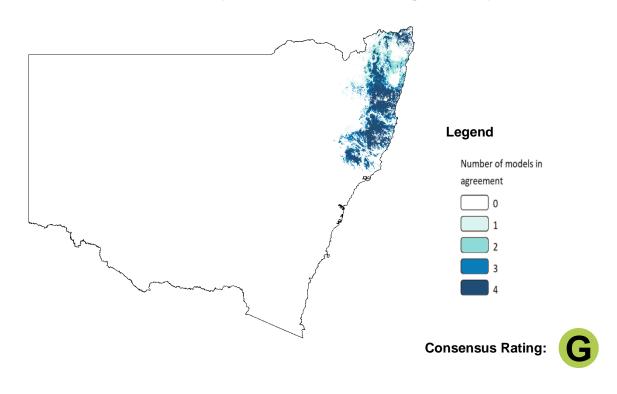
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	41%	34%	40%
Landscape capacity from 2000	244%	100%	83%	98%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is mostly stable.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	8 - 18 m
Species dispersal movement	575 - 898 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	48 ha





Giant burrowing frog species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Heleioporus australiacus

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



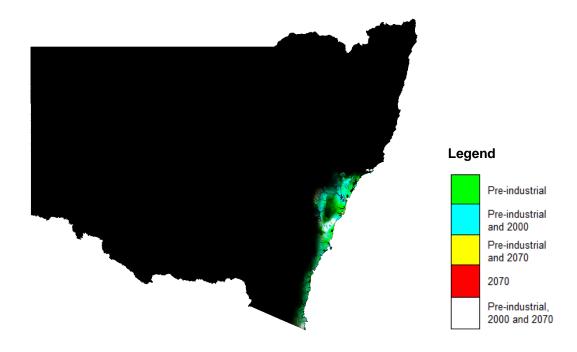
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

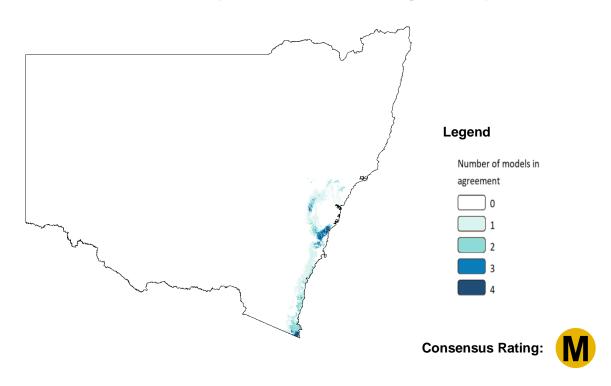
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	48%	30%	11%
Landscape capacity from 2000	208%	100%	62%	23%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	31 - 74 m
Species dispersal movement	2875 - 4492 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	238 ha





Littlejohn's tree frog species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Litoria littlejohni

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



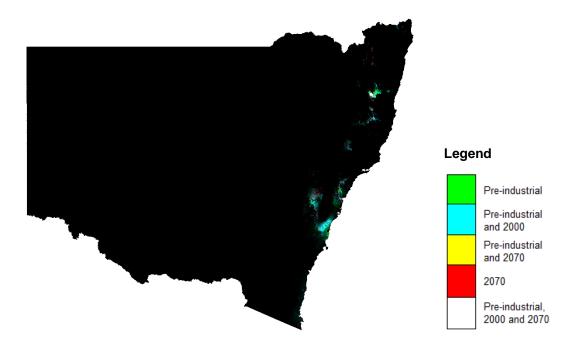
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

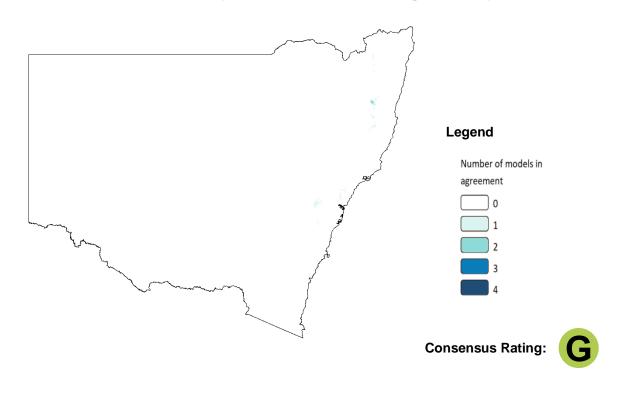
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	64%	27%	9%
Landscape capacity from 2000	156%	100%	42%	14%

Predicted range shift

Species is shifting to a new range and disappearing.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	148 - 351 m
Species dispersal movement	17249 - 26951 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	1,426 ha





Stuttering frog species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Mixophyes balbus

Conservation status in NSW: Endangered



Forecast of landscape capacity



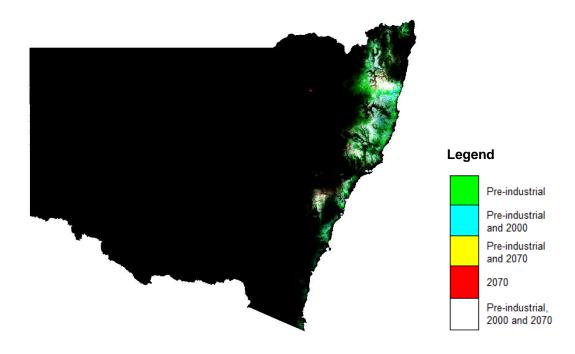
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

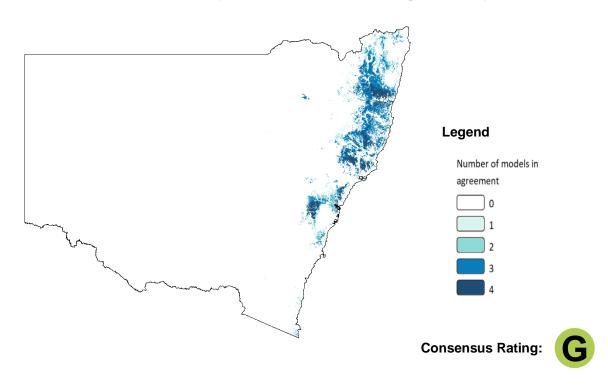
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	53%	54%	42%
Landscape capacity from 2000	189%	100%	102%	79%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	13 - 30 m
Species dispersal movement	2300 - 3594 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	190 ha





Giant barred frog species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Mixophyes iteratus

Conservation status in NSW: Endangered



Forecast of landscape capacity



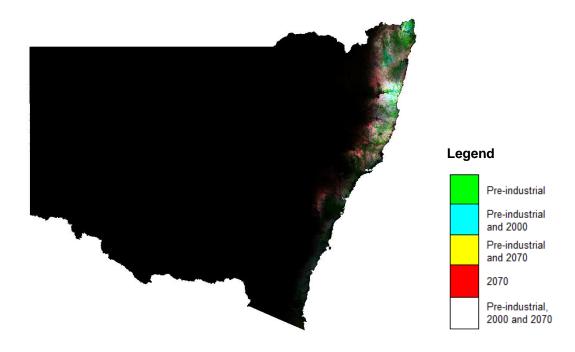
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

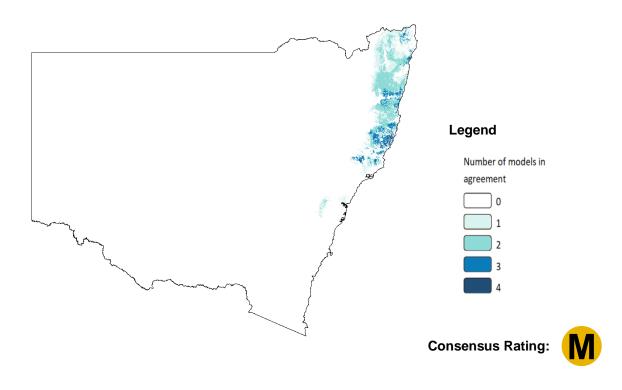
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	59%	41%	46%
Landscape capacity from 2000	169%	100%	69%	78%

Predicted range shift

Projected distribution is contracting and shifting to a new range.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	36 - 40 m
Species dispersal movement	4500 - 5000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	250 ha





Loveridge's frog species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Philoria loveridgei

Conservation status in NSW: Endangered



Forecast of landscape capacity



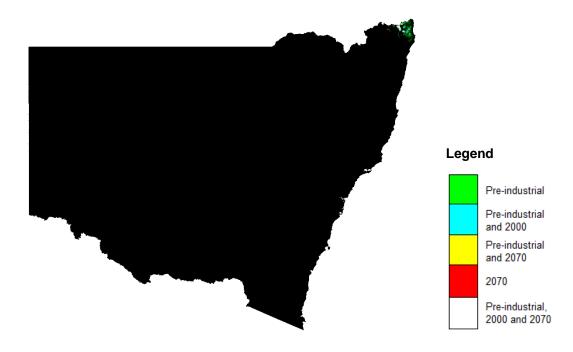
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

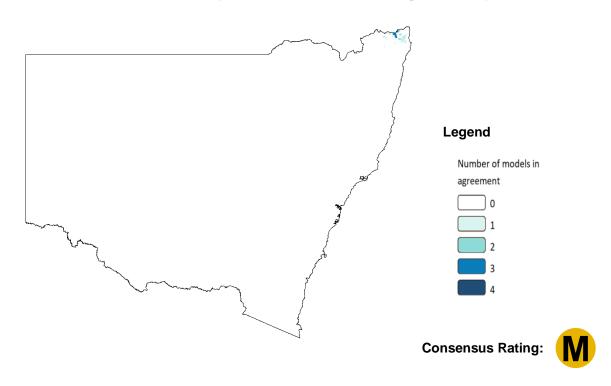
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	45%	35%	27%
Landscape capacity from 2000	222%	100%	78%	60%

Predicted range shift

Projected distribution is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	13 - 30 m
Species dispersal movement	862 - 1348 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	71 ha





Little pied bat species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Chalinolobus picatus

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



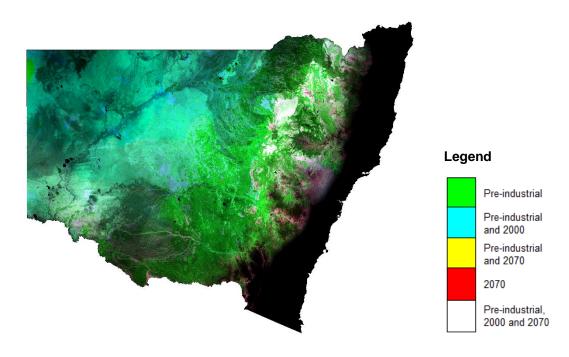
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

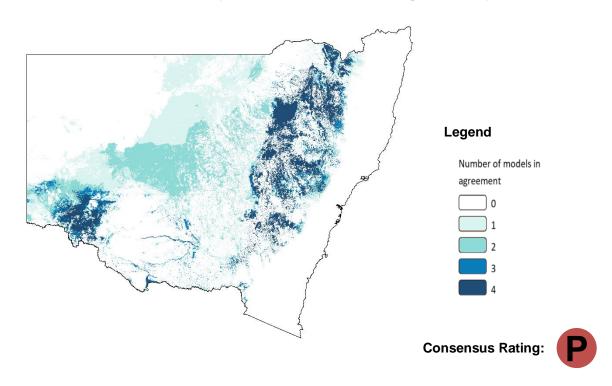
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	43%	26%	23%
Landscape capacity from 2000	233%	100%	60%	53%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, it is contracting, and moving east.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Little bent-winged bat species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Miniopterus australis

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



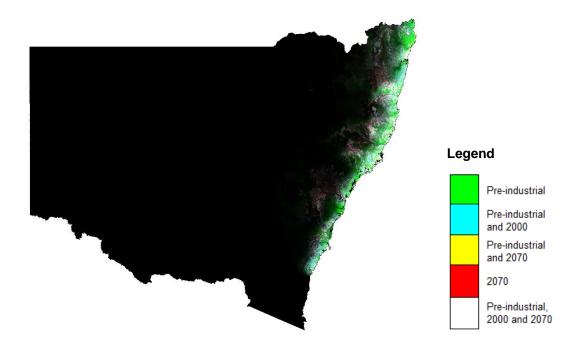
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

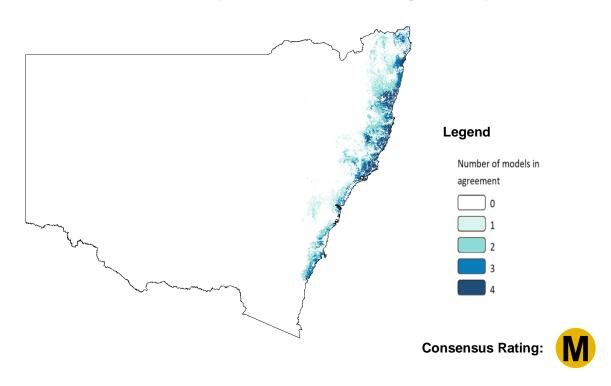
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	57%	41%	43%
Landscape capacity from 2000	175%	100%	72%	75%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area	
Species day to day movement ability	12,000 - 20,000 m	
Species dispersal movement	20,000 - 200,000 m	
Minimum habitat for viable population	25,000 ha	





Corben's long-eared bat species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Nyctophilus corbeni

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



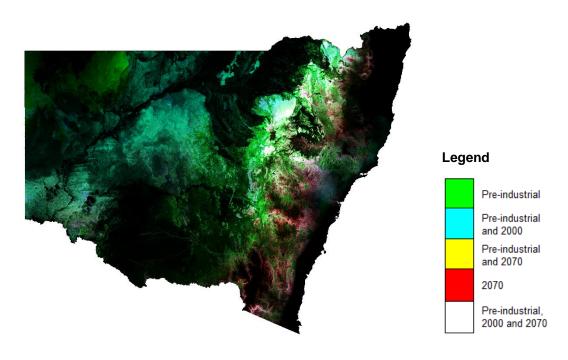
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

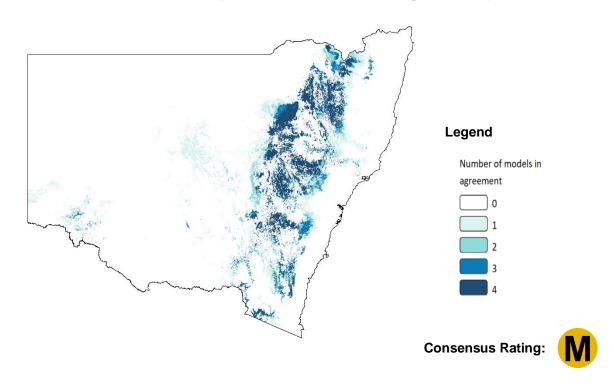
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	43%	33%	30%
Landscape capacity from 2000	233%	100%	77%	70%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Golden-tipped bat species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Phoniscus papuensis

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



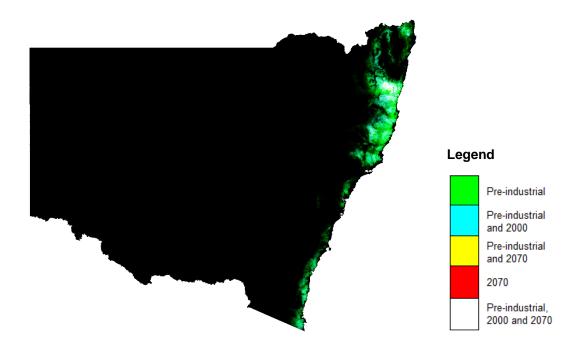
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

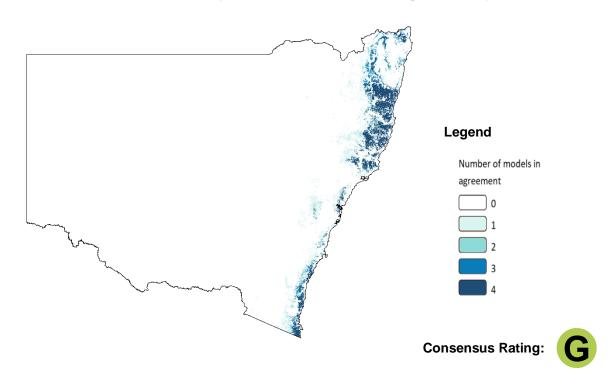
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	36%	19%	12%
Landscape capacity from 2000	278%	100%	53%	33%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	250 - 1,000 m
Species dispersal movement	1,400 - 10,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	1,000 ha





Yellow-bellied sheathtail bat species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Saccolaimus flaviventris

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



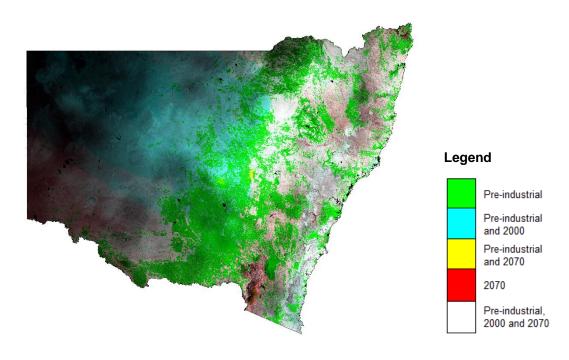
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

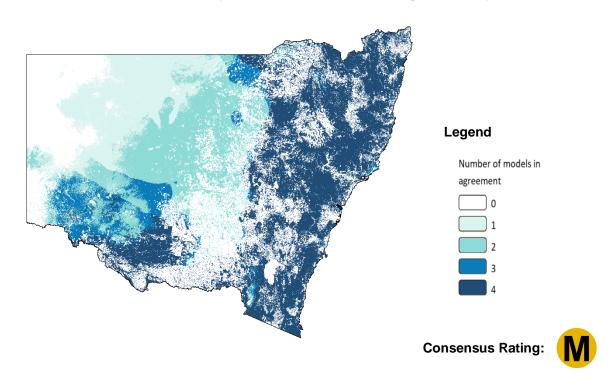
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	69%	58%	53%
Landscape capacity from 2000	145%	100%	84%	77%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, it is contracting, and moving east.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Greater broad-nosed bat species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Scoteanax rueppellii

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



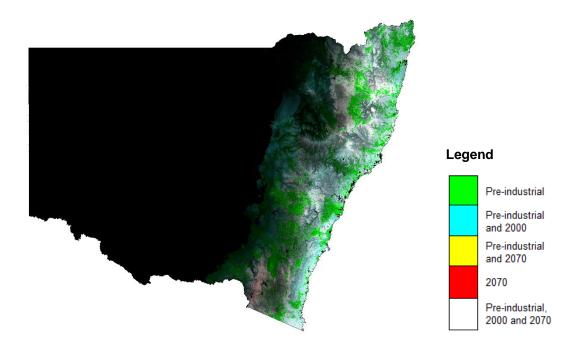
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

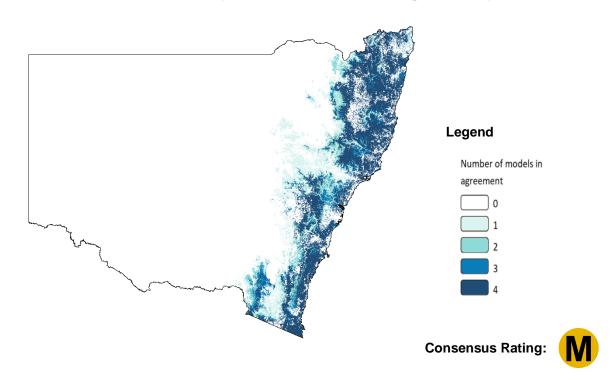
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	73%	54%	48%
Landscape capacity from 2000	137%	100%	74%	66%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Inland forest bat species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Vespadelus baverstocki

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



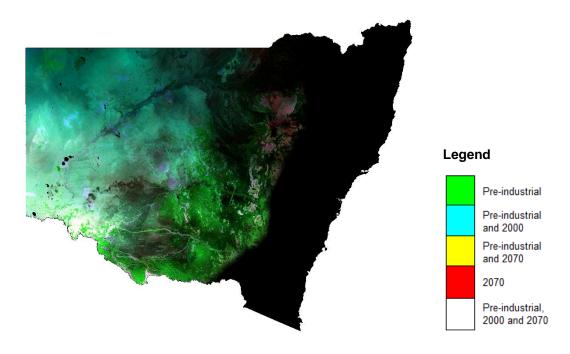
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

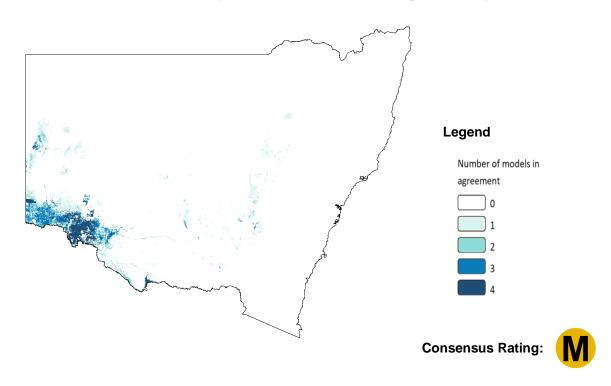
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	45%	36%	17%
Landscape capacity from 2000	222%	100%	80%	38%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Dusky woodswallow species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Artamus cyanopterus cyanopterus

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



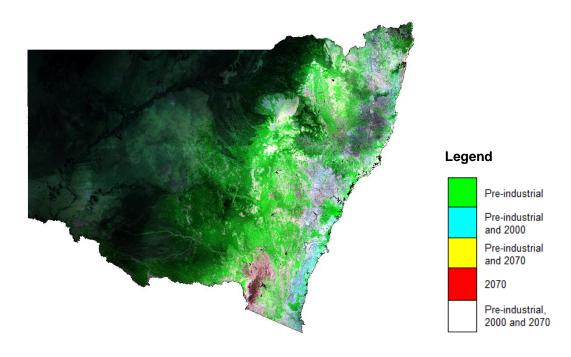
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

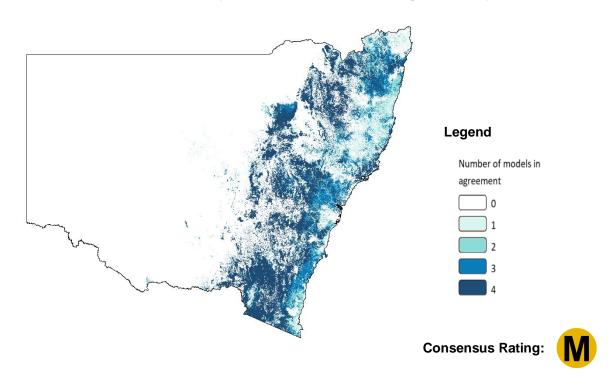
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	45%	36%	32%
Landscape capacity from 2000	222%	100%	80%	71%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Rufous scrub-bird species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Atrichornis rufescens

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



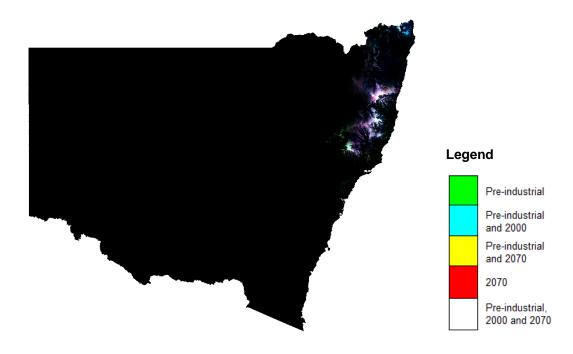
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

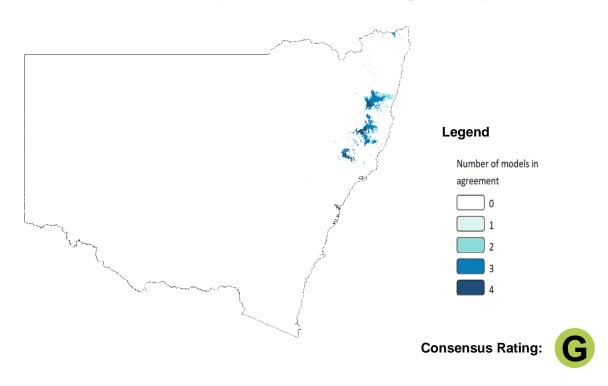
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	99%	75%	71%
Landscape capacity from 2000	101%	100%	76%	72%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	250 - 1,000 m
Species dispersal movement	300 - 20,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	600 ha





Australasian bittern species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Botaurus poiciloptilus

Conservation status in NSW: Endangered



Forecast of landscape capacity



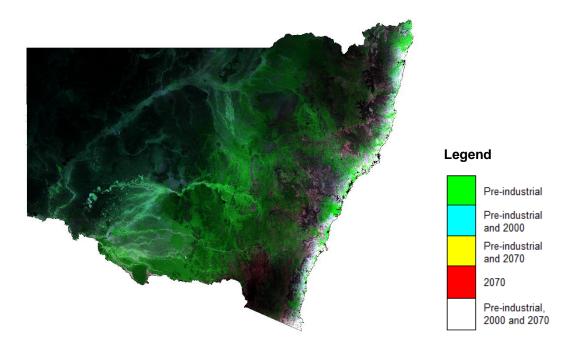
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

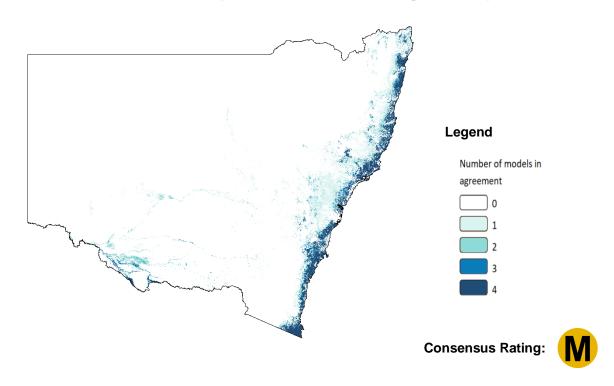
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	41%	26%	29%
Landscape capacity from 2000	244%	100%	63%	71%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Bush stone-curlew species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Burhinus grallarius

Conservation status in NSW: Endangered



Forecast of landscape capacity



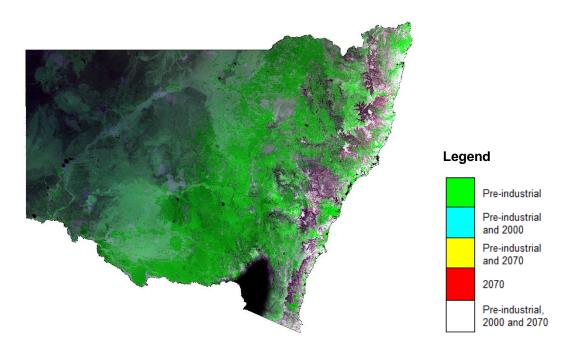
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

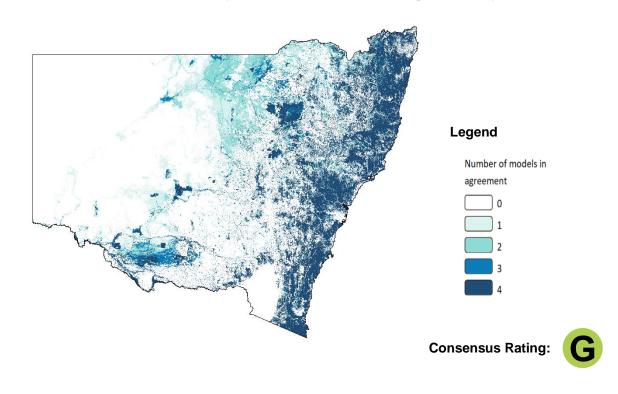
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	42%	39%	38%
Landscape capacity from 2000	238%	100%	93%	90%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is mostly stable.

Characteristic	Distance/Area	
Species day to day movement ability	1,000 - 3,000 m	
Species dispersal movement	1,000 - 10,000 m	
Minimum habitat for viable population	1,500 ha	





Gang-gang cockatoo species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Callocephalon fimbriatum

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



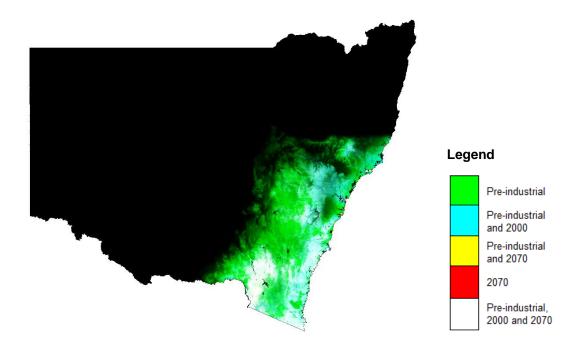
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

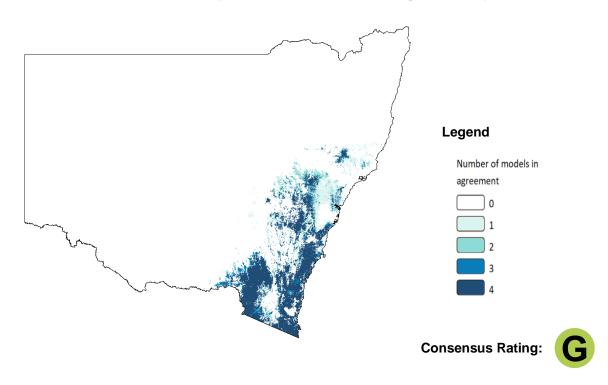
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	45%	38%	25%
Landscape capacity from 2000	222%	100%	84%	56%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, it is contracting, and moving south.

Characteristic	Distance/Area		
Species day to day movement ability	100 - 500 m		
Species dispersal movement	10,000 - 50,000 m		
Minimum habitat for viable population	2,000 ha		





Red-tailed black cockatoo (inland subspecies) species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Calyptorhynchus banksii samueli

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



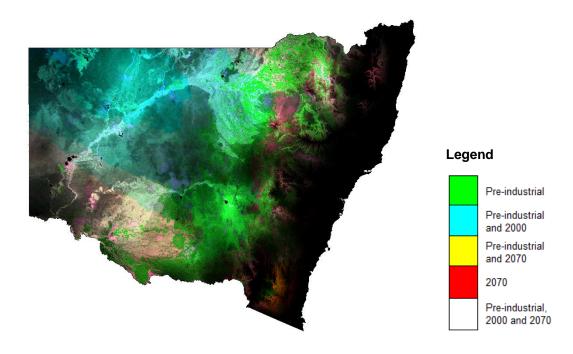
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

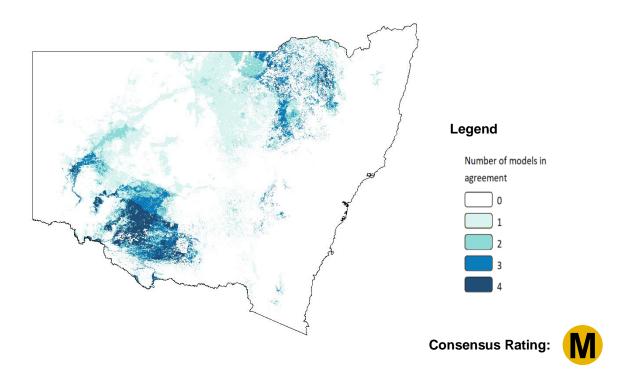
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	41%	35%	23%
Landscape capacity from 2000	244%	100%	85%	56%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting south-east, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Glossy black-cockatoo species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Calyptorhynchus lathami

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



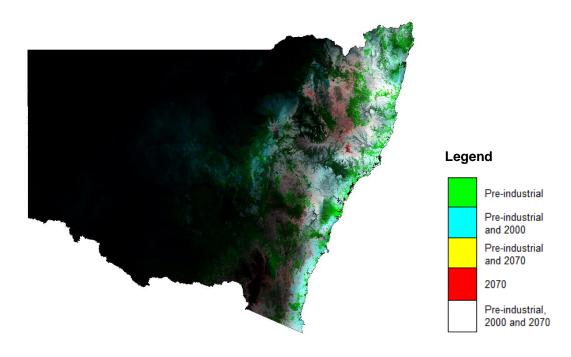
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

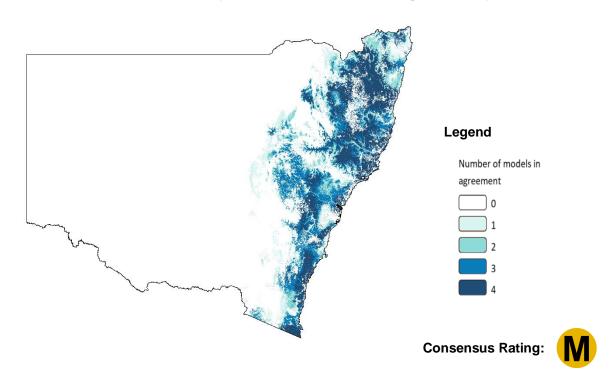
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	75%	54%	55%
Landscape capacity from 2000	133%	100%	72%	73%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is shifting to a new range.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Pied honeyeater species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Certhionyx variegatus

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



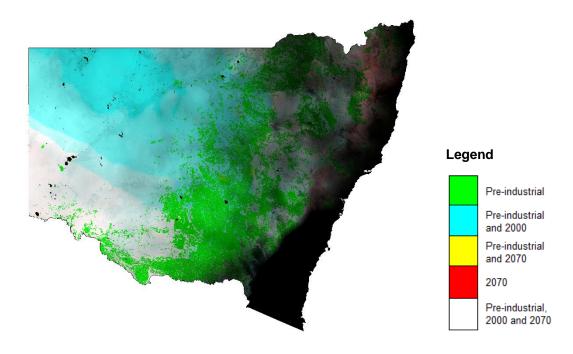
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

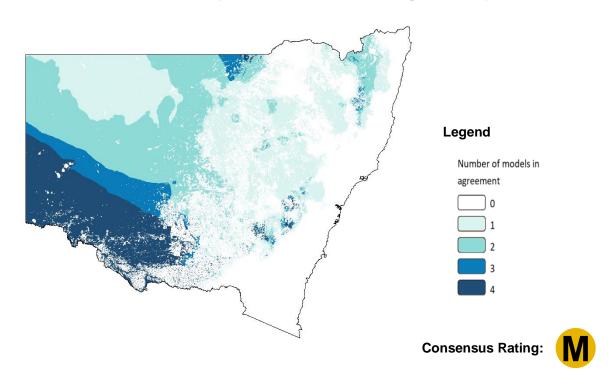
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	81%	60%	39%
Landscape capacity from 2000	123%	100%	74%	48%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting, and moving south.

Characteristic	Distance/Area		
Species day to day movement ability	2,250 - 3,500 m		
Species dispersal movement	500,000 - 750,000 m		
Minimum habitat for viable population	50 ha		





Speckled warbler species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Chthonicola sagittata

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



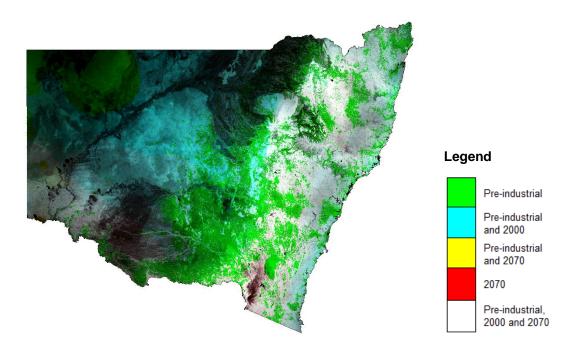
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

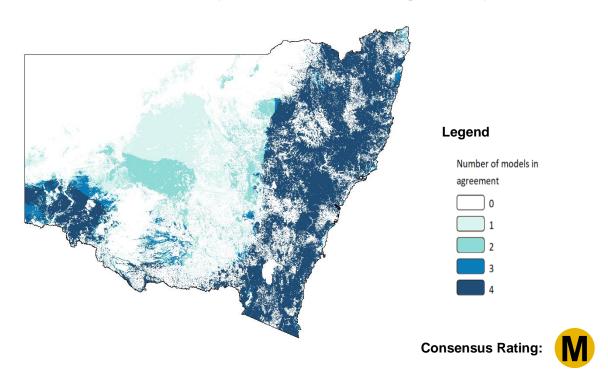
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	68%	49%	43%
Landscape capacity from 2000	147%	100%	72%	63%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation and moving east.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	200 - 1,250 m
Species dispersal movement	300 - 7,500 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	50 ha





Chestnut quail-thrush species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Cinclosoma castanotum

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



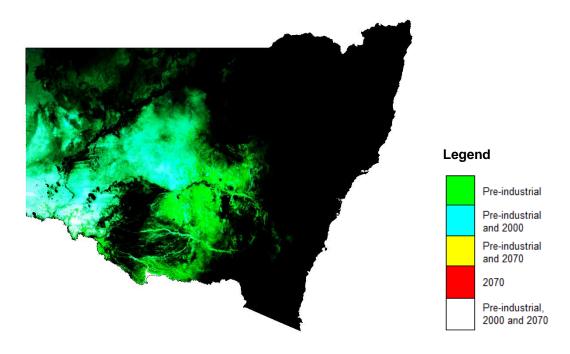
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

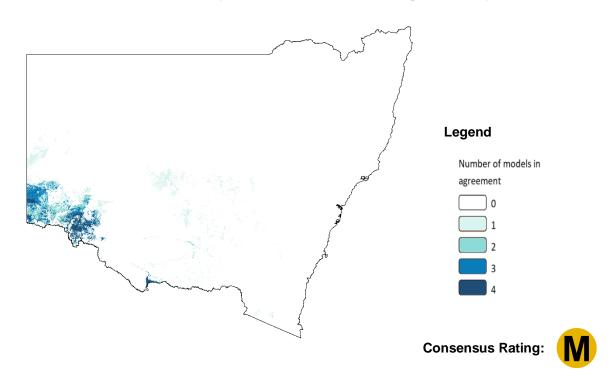
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	44%	20%	7%
Landscape capacity from 2000	227%	100%	45%	16%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	60 - 1,250 m
Species dispersal movement	1100 - 5,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	20 ha





Spotted harrier species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Circus assimilis

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



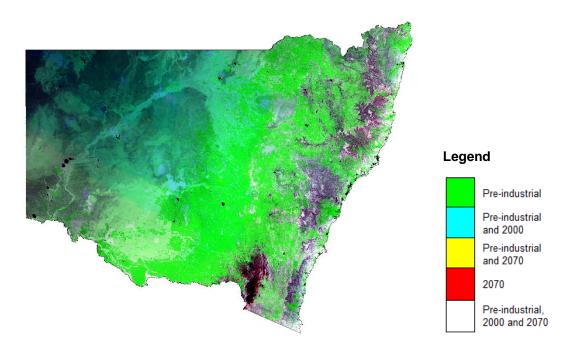
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

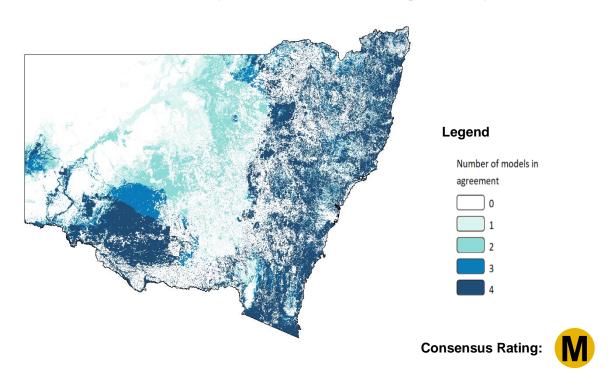
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	41%	32%	27%
Landscape capacity from 2000	244%	100%	78%	66%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, it is contracting, and moving east.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Brown treecreeper (eastern subspecies) species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Climacteris picumnus victoriae

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



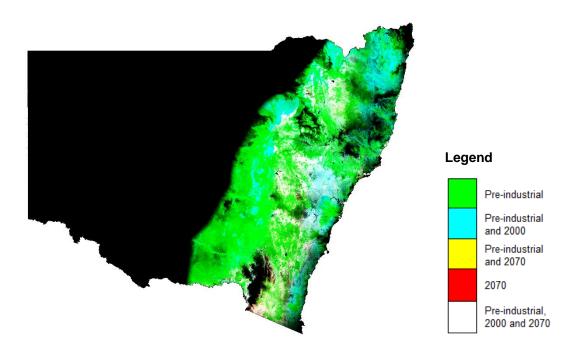
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

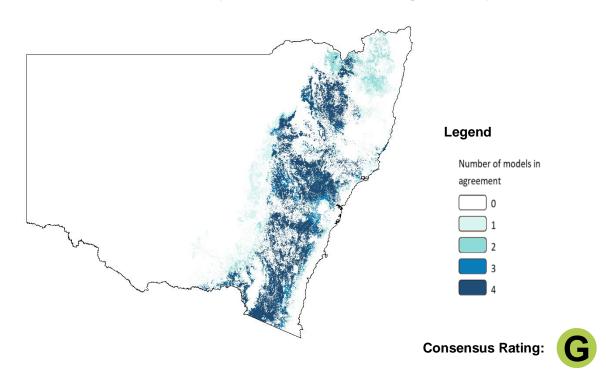
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	39%	23%	22%
Landscape capacity from 2000	256%	100%	59%	56%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	70 - 1,000 m
Species dispersal movement	1,500 - 3,500 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	40 ha





Barred cuckoo-shrike species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Coracina lineata

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



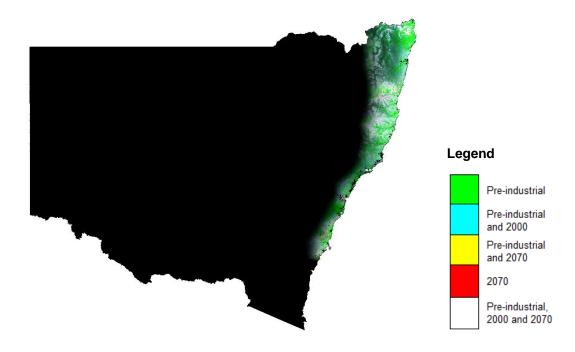
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

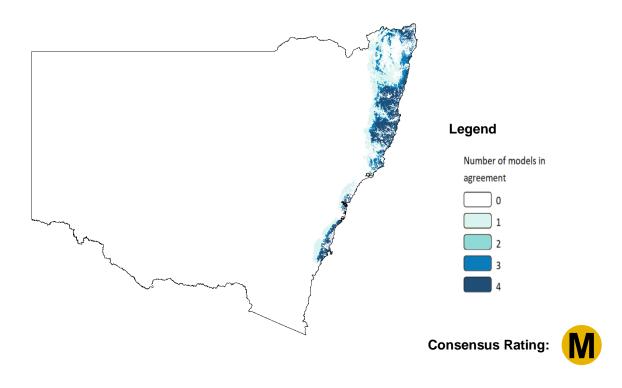
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	58%	40%	40%
Landscape capacity from 2000	172%	100%	69%	69%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Coxen's fig-parrot species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Cyclopsitta diophthalma coxeni

Conservation status in NSW: Critically Endangered



Forecast of landscape capacity



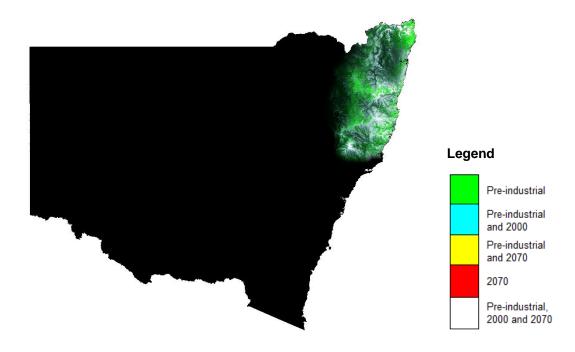
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

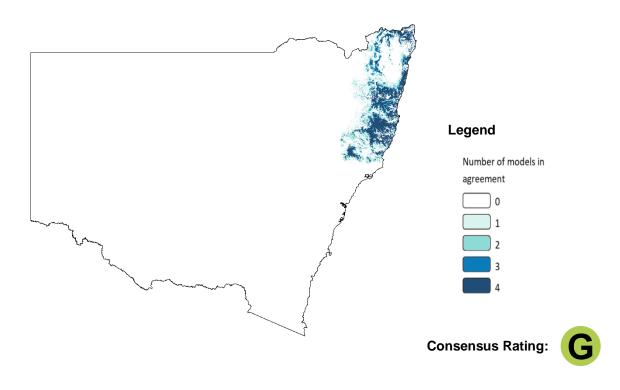
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	58%	47%	38%
Landscape capacity from 2000	172%	100%	81%	66%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	2,000 - 5,000 m
Species dispersal movement	5,000 - 50,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	2500 ha





Varied sittella species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Daphoenositta chrysoptera

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



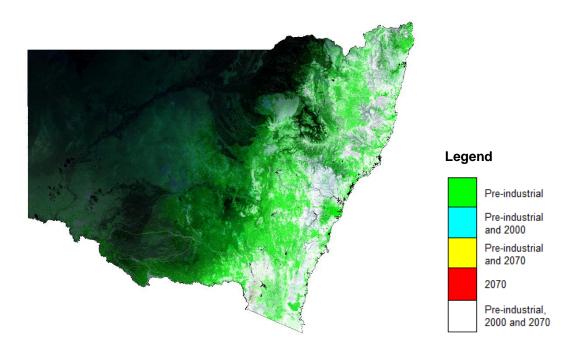
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

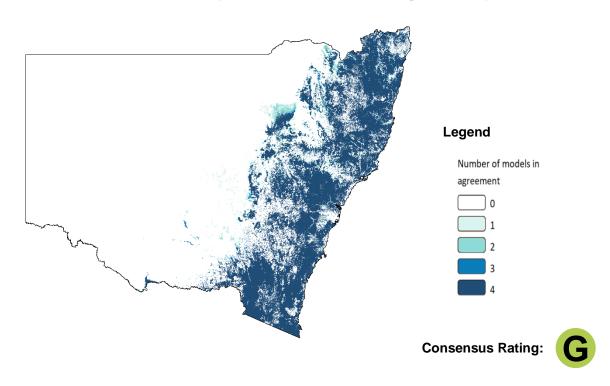
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	46%	41%	36%
Landscape capacity from 2000	217%	100%	89%	78%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	1,000 - 2,000 m
Species dispersal movement	3,000 - 7,500 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	1,000 ha





Eastern bristlebird species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Dasyornis brachypterus

Conservation status in NSW: Endangered



Forecast of landscape capacity



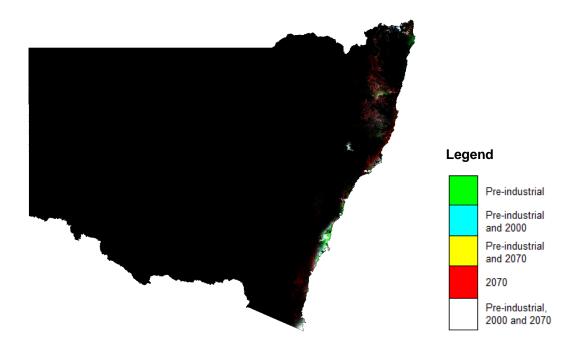
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

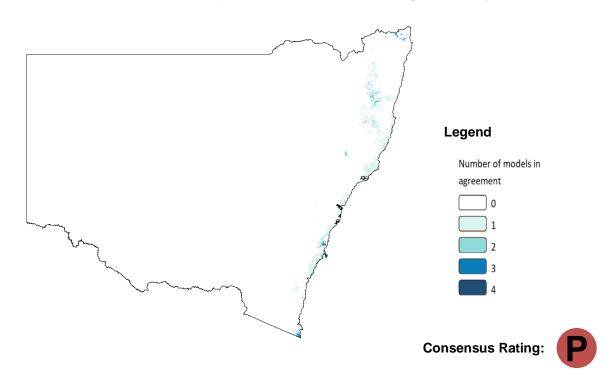
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	62%	43%	56%
Landscape capacity from 2000	161%	100%	69%	90%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to a new range.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	250 - 500 m
Species dispersal movement	525 - 5,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	750 ha





Little lorikeet species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Glossopsitta pusilla

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



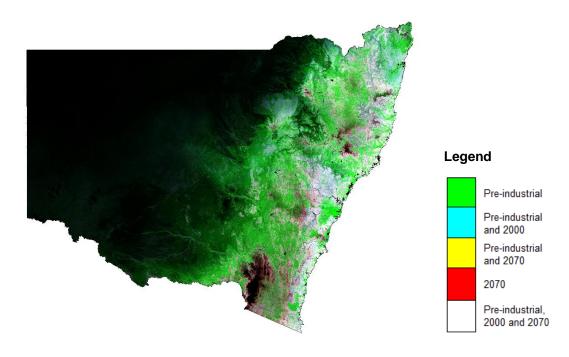
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

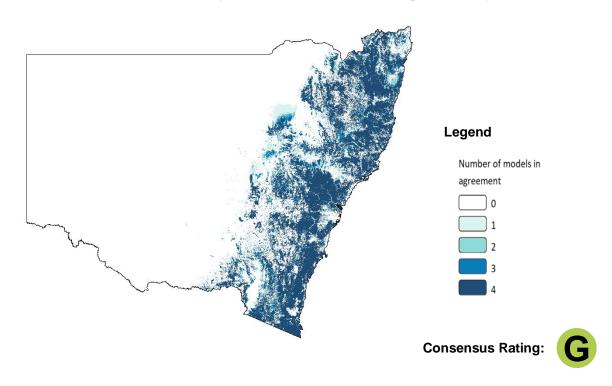
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	45%	39%	39%
Landscape capacity from 2000	222%	100%	87%	87%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area	
Species day to day movement ability	500 - 2,000 m	
Species dispersal movement	5,000 - 200,000 m	
Minimum habitat for viable population	5,000 ha	





Painted honeyeater species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Grantiella picta

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



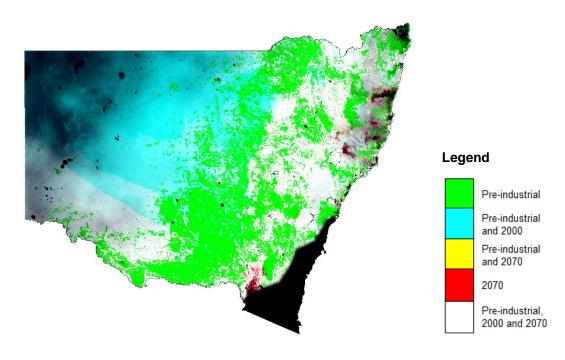
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

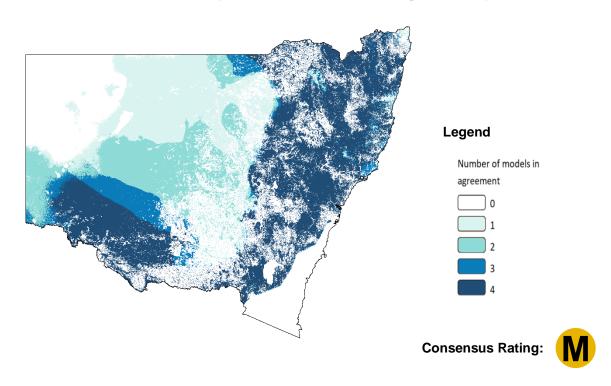
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	69%	50%	40%
Landscape capacity from 2000	145%	100%	72%	58%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting, and moving east.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	200 - 1,250 m
Species dispersal movement	300 - 7,500 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	20 ha





White-bellied sea-eagle species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Haliaeetus leucogaster

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



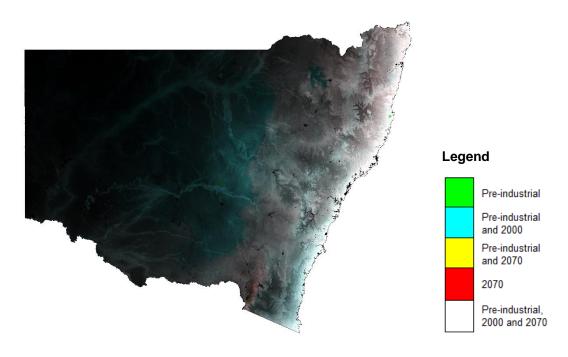
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

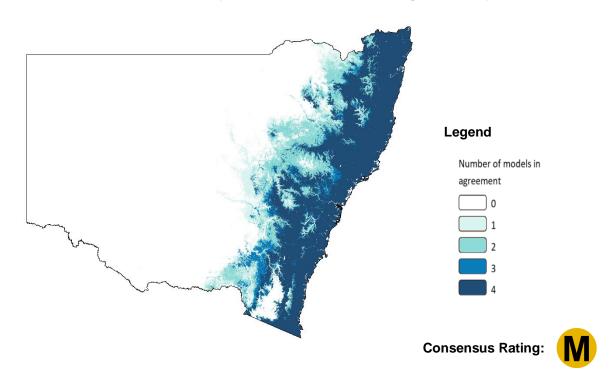
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	100%	83%	81%
Landscape capacity from 2000	100%	100%	83%	81%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Little eagle species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Hieraaetus morphnoides

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



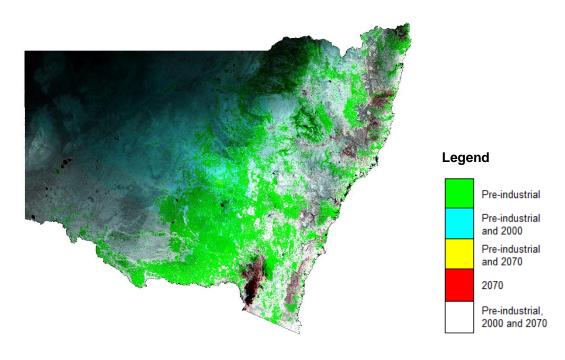
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

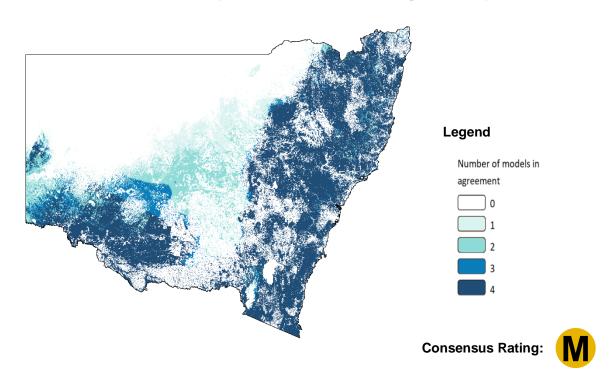
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	67%	55%	45%
Landscape capacity from 2000	149%	100%	82%	67%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, it is contracting, and moving east.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Black bittern species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Ixobrychus flavicollis

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



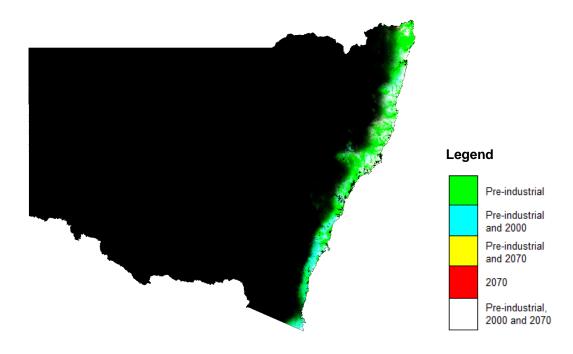
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

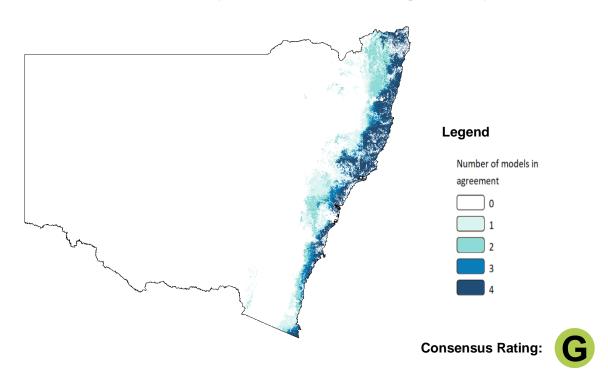
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	37%	22%	24%
Landscape capacity from 2000	270%	100%	59%	65%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	100 - 1,000 m
Species dispersal movement	1,000 - 10,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	500 ha





Swift parrot species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Lathamus discolor

Conservation status in NSW: Endangered



Forecast of landscape capacity



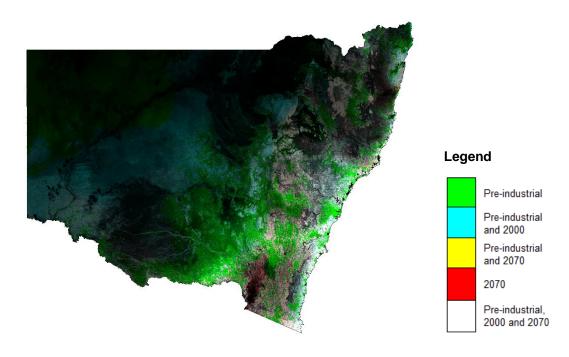
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

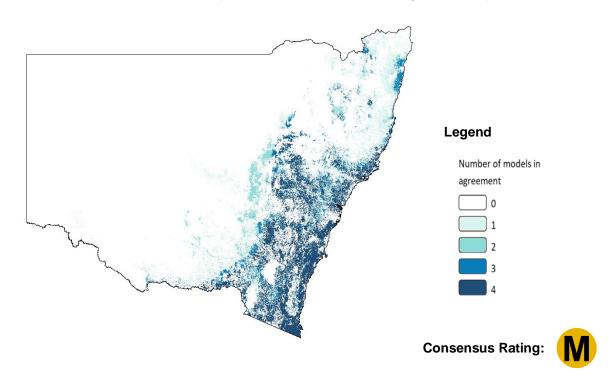
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	62%	44%	38%
Landscape capacity from 2000	161%	100%	71%	61%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Major mitchell's cockatoo species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Lophochroa leadbeateri

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



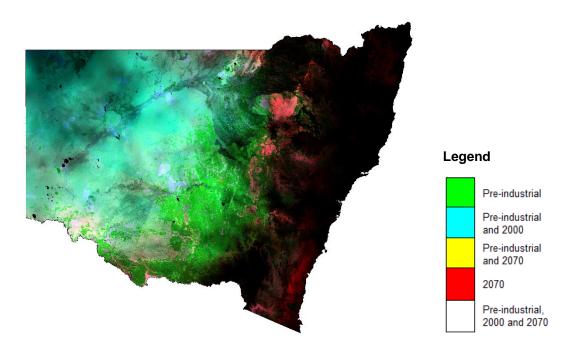
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

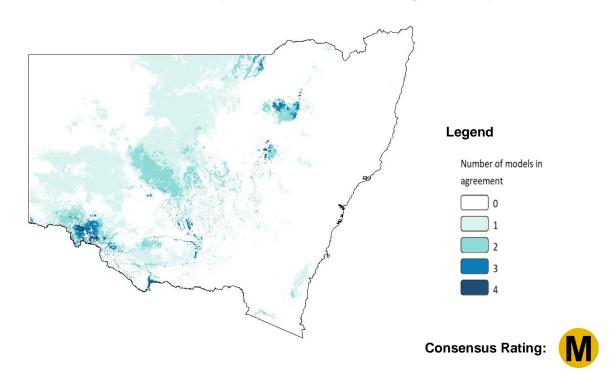
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	44%	22%	18%
Landscape capacity from 2000	227%	100%	50%	41%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to a new range, and moving east.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Hooded robin (south-eastern form) species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Melanodryas cucullata cucullata

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



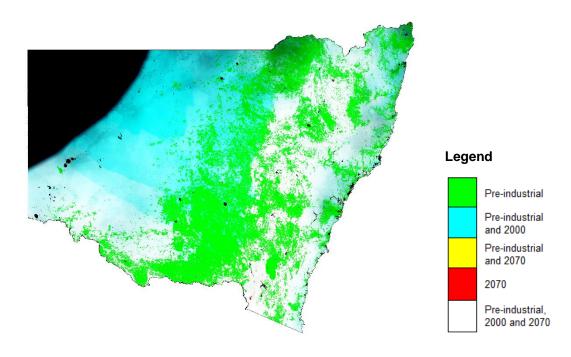
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

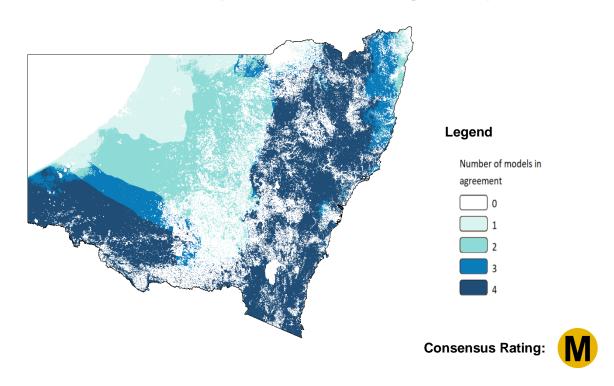
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	69%	52%	41%
Landscape capacity from 2000	145%	100%	75%	59%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area		
Species day to day movement ability	400 - 600 m		
Species dispersal movement	5,000 - 20,000 m		
Minimum habitat for viable population	300 ha		





Black-chinned honeyeater (eastern subspecies) species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Melithreptus gularis gularis

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



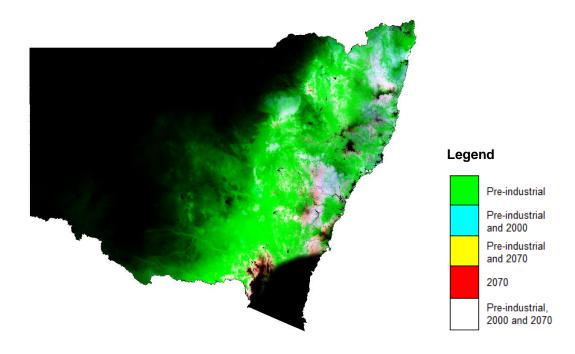
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

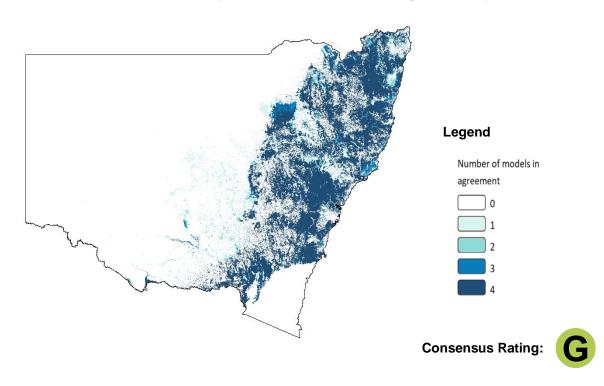
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	20%	20%	18%
Landscape capacity from 2000	500%	100%	100%	90%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is shifting to a new range.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	1000 - 2000 m
Species dispersal movement	5,000 - 7,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	5,000 ha





Albert's lyrebird species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: *Menura alberti*Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



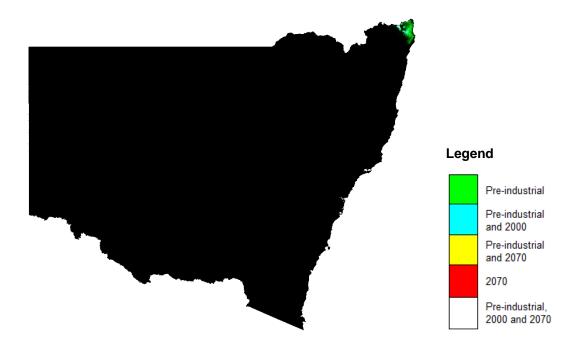
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

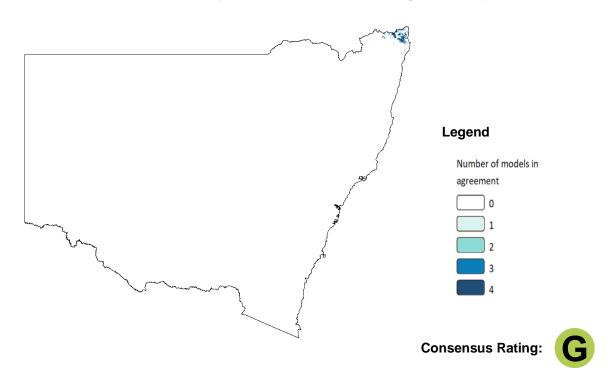
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	20%	12%	6%
Landscape capacity from 2000	500%	100%	60%	30%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area		
Species day to day movement ability	125 - 500 m		
Species dispersal movement	4,000 - 7,000 m		
Minimum habitat for viable population	6,000 ha		





Turquoise parrot species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Neophema pulchella

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



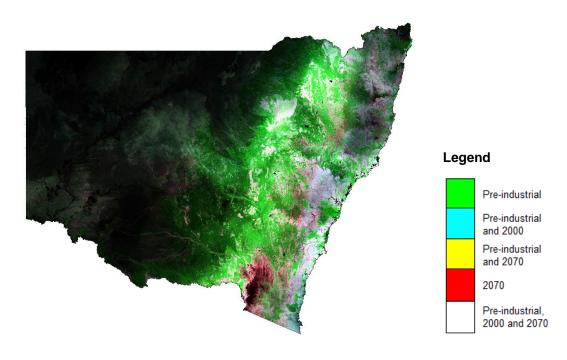
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

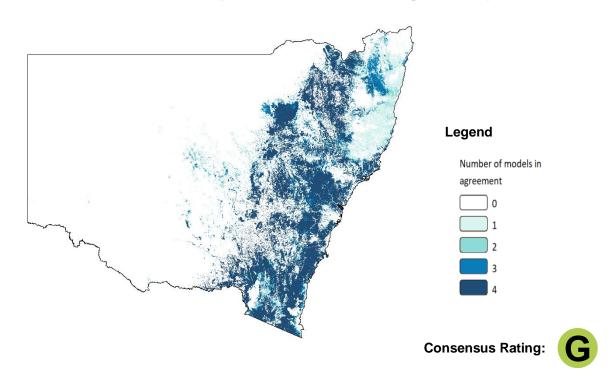
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	44%	45%	43%
Landscape capacity from 2000	227%	100%	102%	98%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is shifting to a new range.

Characteristic	Distance/Area		
Species day to day movement ability	250 - 500 m		
Species dispersal movement	1,000 - 10,000 m		
Minimum habitat for viable population	5,000 ha		





Barking owl species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Ninox connivens

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



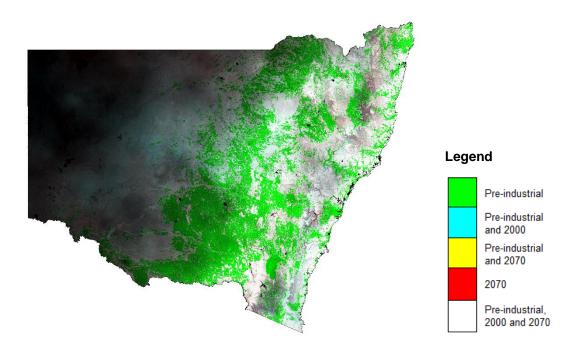
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

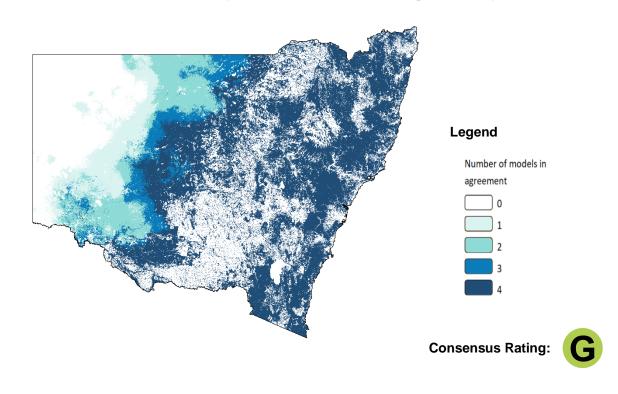
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	69%	63%	64%
Landscape capacity from 2000	145%	100%	91%	93%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is mostly stable.

Characteristic	Distance/Area	
Species day to day movement ability	2,000 - 4,000 m	
Species dispersal movement	10,000 - 20,000 m	
Minimum habitat for viable population	100,000 ha	





Powerful owl species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Ninox strenua
Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



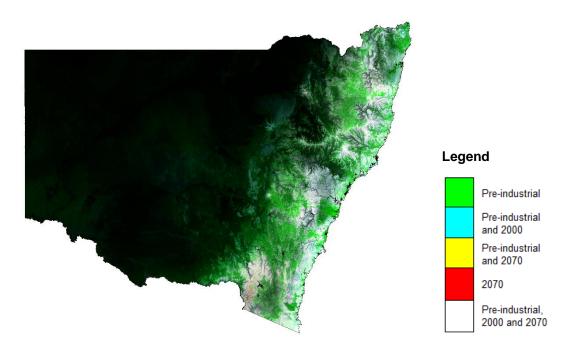
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

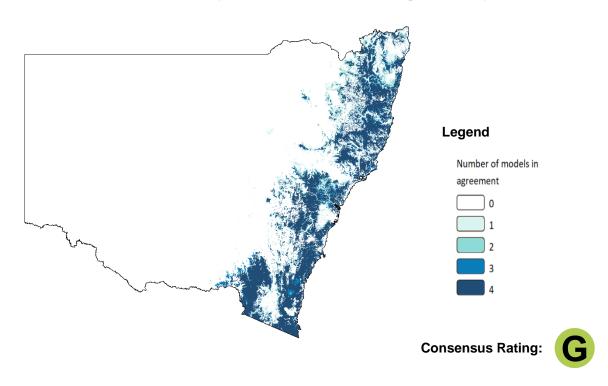
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	49%	41%	36%
Landscape capacity from 2000	204%	100%	84%	73%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area		
Species day to day movement ability	3,000 - 500,000 m		
Species dispersal movement	45,000 - 1,000,000 m		
Minimum habitat for viable population	62,395 ha		





Blue-billed duck species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Oxyura australis

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



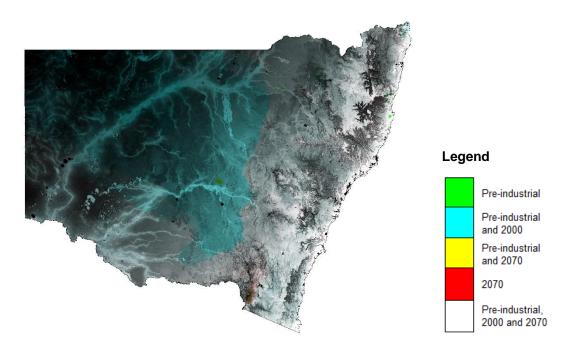
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

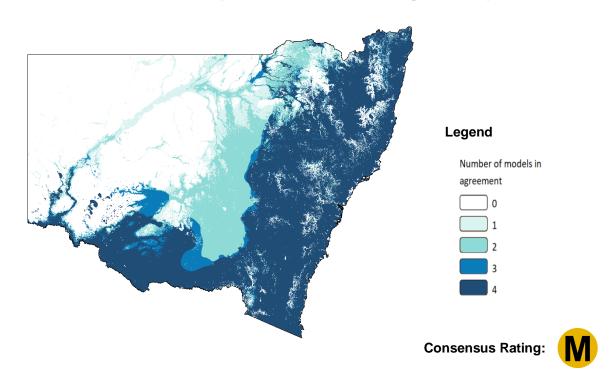
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	100%	86%	71%
Landscape capacity from 2000	100%	100%	86%	71%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, it is contracting, and moving east.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Gilbert's whistler species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Pachycephala inornata

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



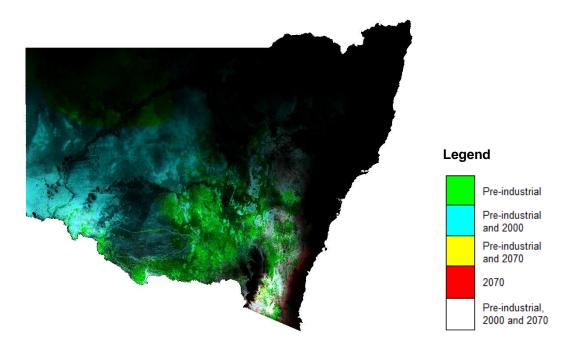
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

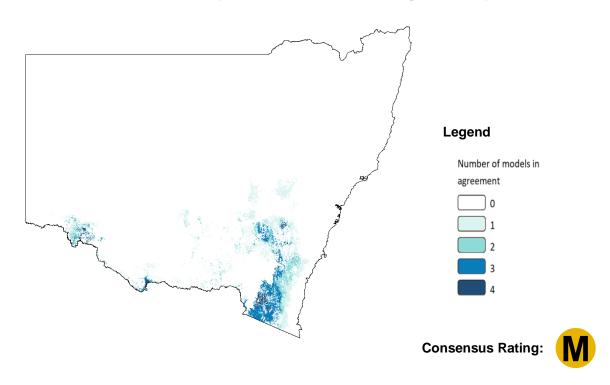
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	67%	36%	16%
Landscape capacity from 2000	149%	100%	54%	24%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting, and moving east.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	500 - 4,000 m
Species dispersal movement	2,000 - 40,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	20,000 ha





Olive whistler species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Pachycephala olivacea

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



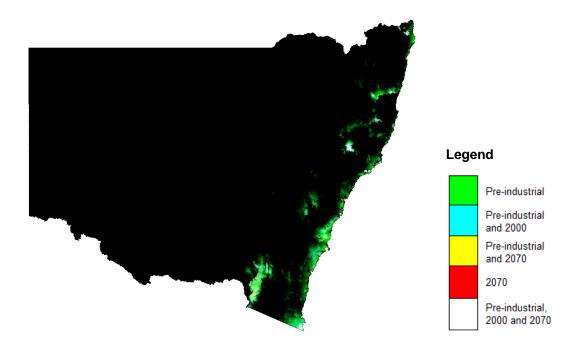
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

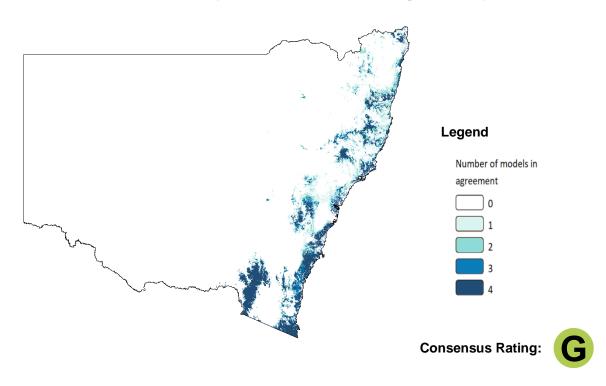
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	27%	21%	14%
Landscape capacity from 2000	370%	100%	78%	52%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	250 - 750 m
Species dispersal movement	400 - 6,400 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	1,000 ha





Eastern osprey species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Pandion cristatus

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



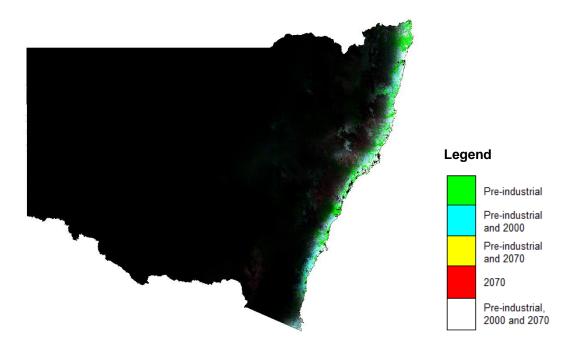
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

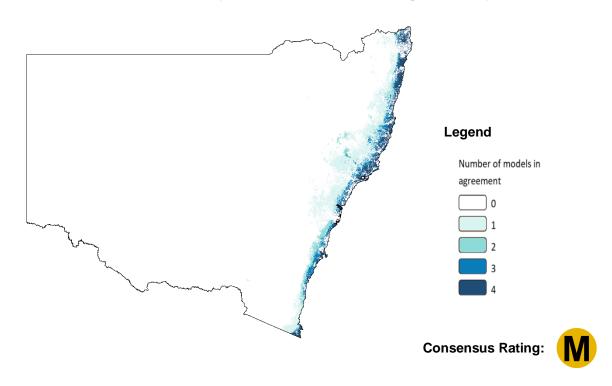
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	68%	36%	53%
Landscape capacity from 2000	147%	100%	53%	78%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	6,218 - 8,291 m
Species dispersal movement	3,228 - 6,457 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	70,437 ha





Scarlet robin species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Petroica boodang

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



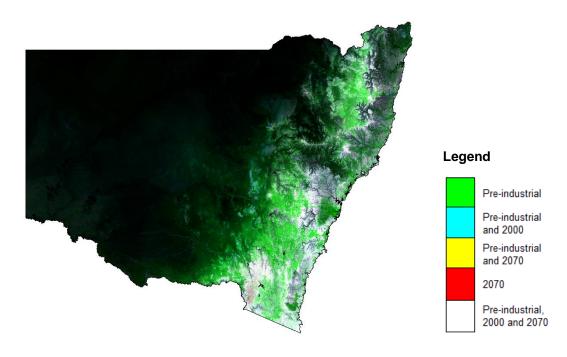
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

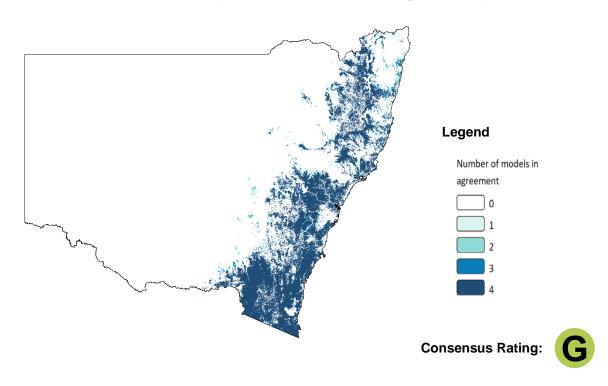
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	48%	46%	37%
Landscape capacity from 2000	208%	100%	96%	77%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, it is contracting, and moving east.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	300 - 500 m
Species dispersal movement	10,000 - 20,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	200 ha





Flame robin species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Petroica phoenicea

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



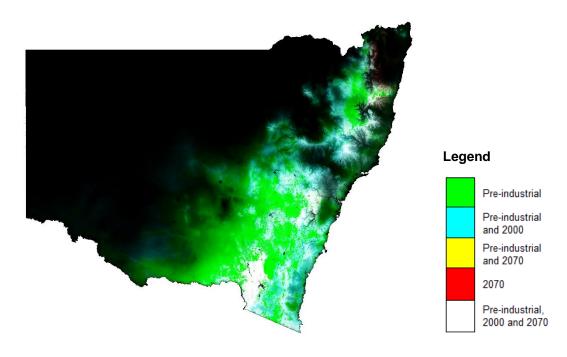
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

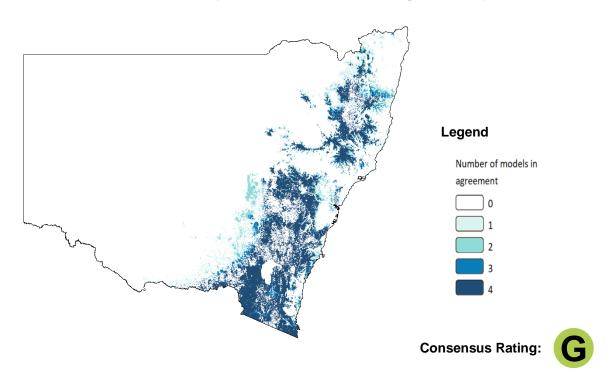
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	48%	44%	26%
Landscape capacity from 2000	208%	100%	92%	54%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting to higher elevation.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	500 - 750 m
Species dispersal movement	500 - 350,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	1,000 ha





Marbled frogmouth species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Podargus ocellatus

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



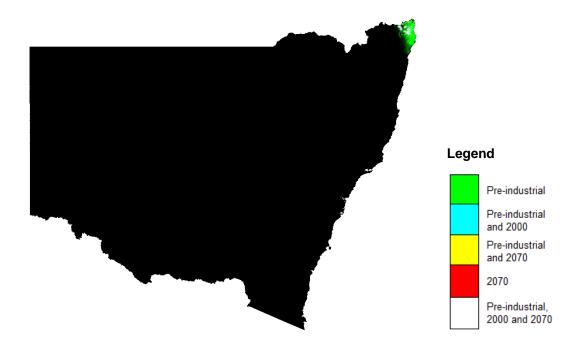
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

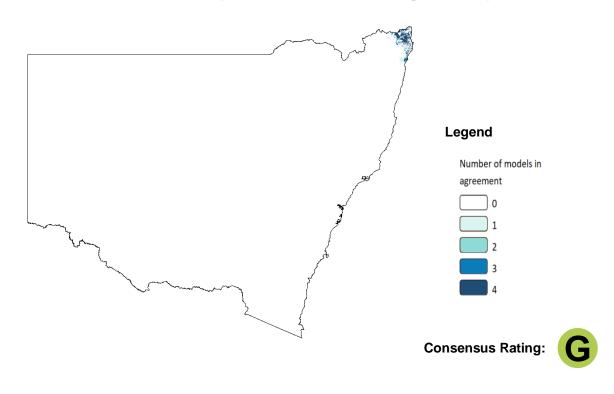
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	17%	12%	14%
Landscape capacity from 2000	588%	100%	71%	82%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	250 - 500 m
Species dispersal movement	10,000 - 20,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	24,000 ha





Superb parrot (breeding) species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Polytelis swainsonii

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



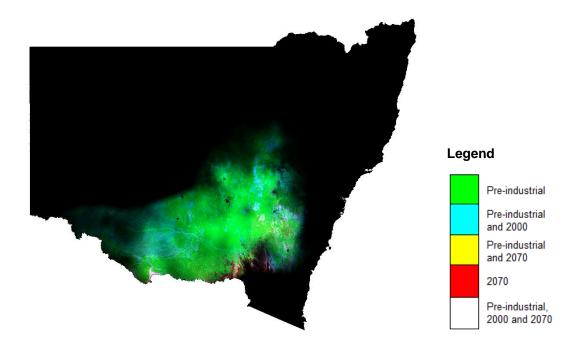
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

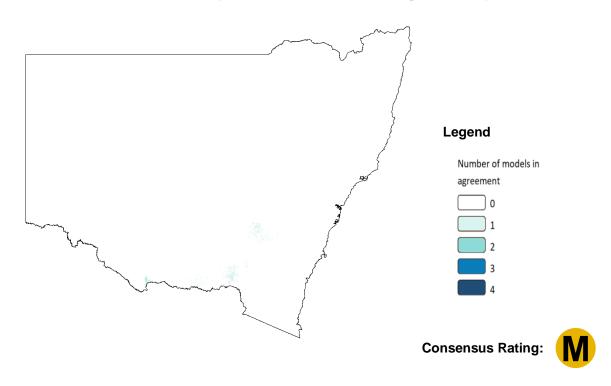
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	27%	7%	2%
Landscape capacity from 2000	370%	100%	26%	7%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to a new range, and moving east.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	1,000 - 10,000 m
Species dispersal movement	2,000 - 35,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	10,000 ha





Wompoo fruit-dove species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Ptilinopus magnificus

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



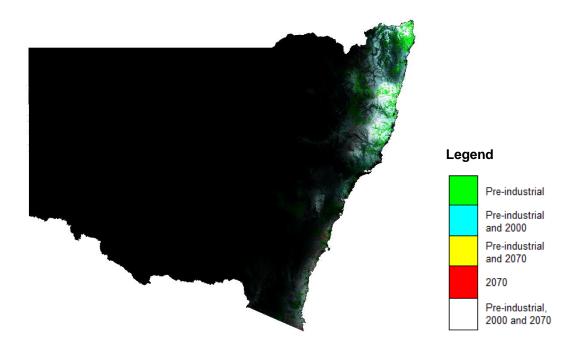
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

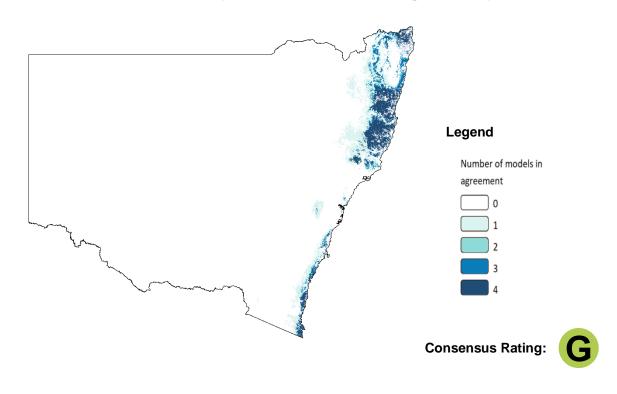
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	76%	51%	52%
Landscape capacity from 2000	132%	100%	67%	68%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Rose-crowned fruit-dove species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Ptilinopus regina

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



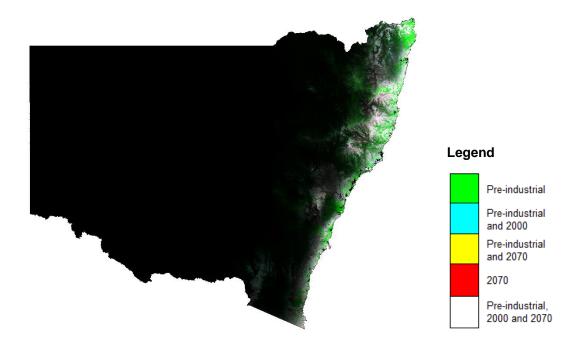
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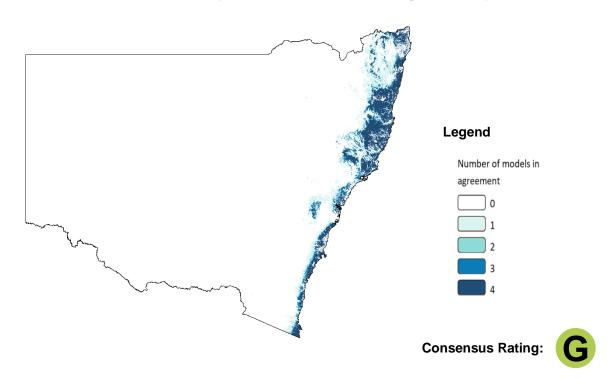
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	58%	46%	55%
Landscape capacity from 2000	172%	100%	79%	95%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area		
Species day to day movement ability	5,000 - 10,000 m		
Species dispersal movement	500,000 - 500,000 m		
Minimum habitat for viable population	1,500 ha		





Diamond firetail species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Stagonopleura guttata

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



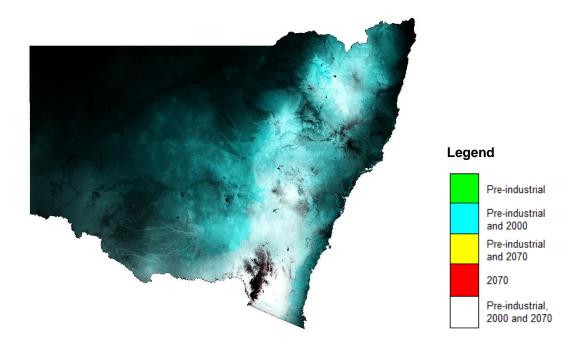
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

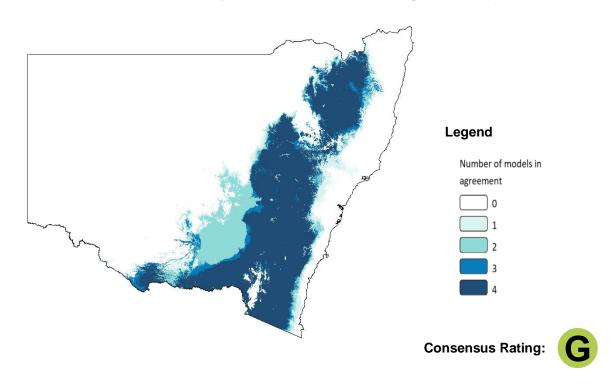
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	100%	68%	47%
Landscape capacity from 2000	100%	100%	68%	47%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	500 - 2,000 m
Species dispersal movement	2000 - 20,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	5,000 ha





Freckled duck species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Stictonetta naevosa

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



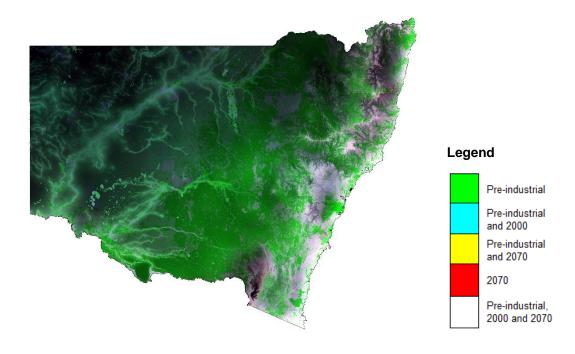
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

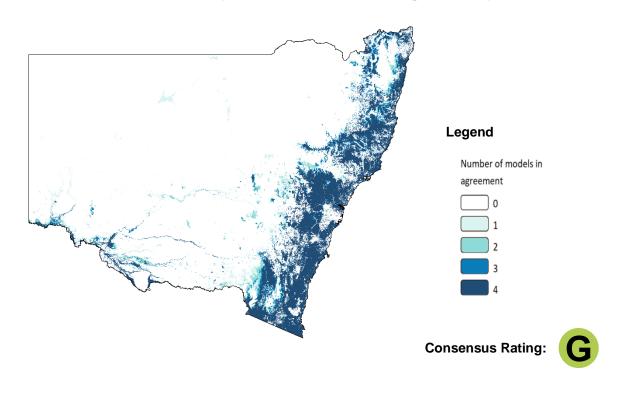
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	45%	36%	34%
Landscape capacity from 2000	222%	100%	80%	76%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Sooty owl species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Tyto tenebricosa

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



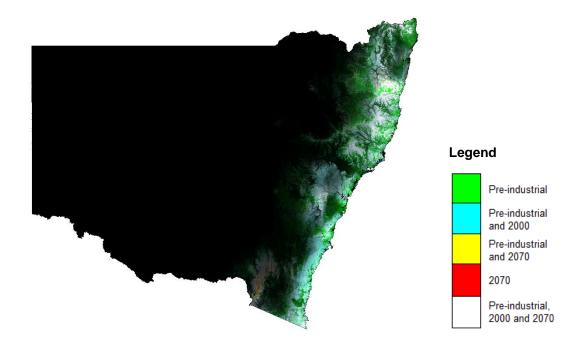
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

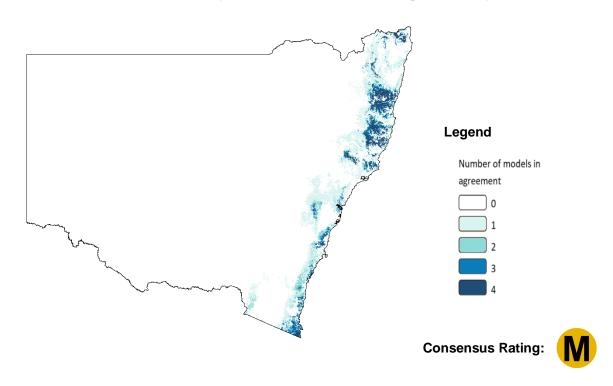
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	61%	45%	34%
Landscape capacity from 2000	164%	100%	74%	56%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	500 - 5,000 m
Species dispersal movement	25,000 - 75,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	37,500 ha





Rufus bettong species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Aepyprymnus rufescens

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



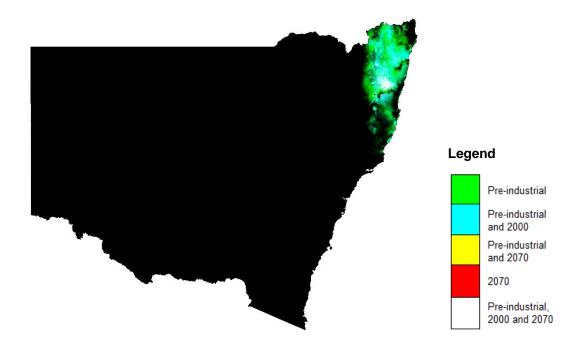
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

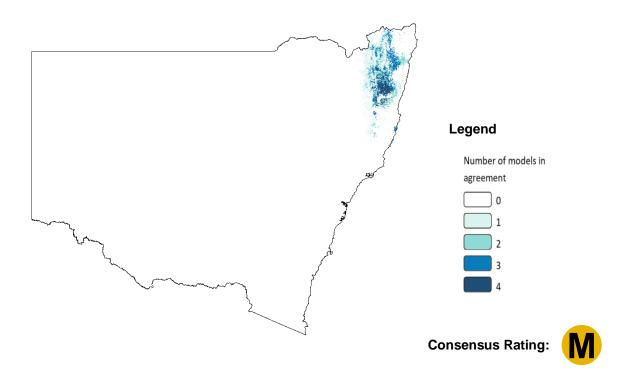
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	49%	19%	8%
Landscape capacity from 2000	204%	100%	39%	16%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	400 - 1,300 m
Species dispersal movement	1200 - 6,500 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	500 ha





Eastern pygmy-possum species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Cercartetus nanus

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



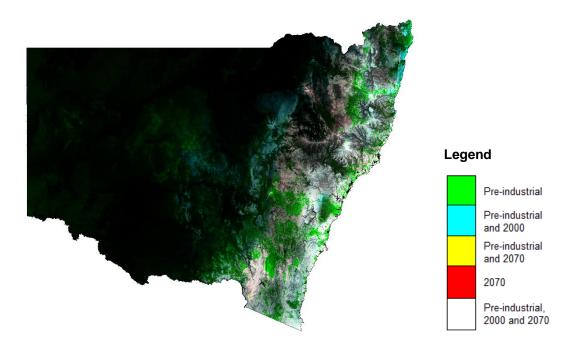
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

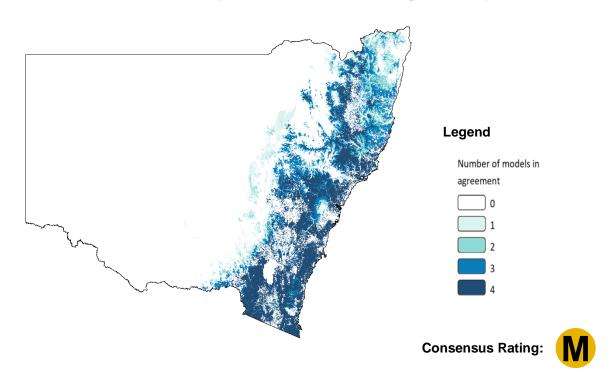
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	66%	64%	57%
Landscape capacity from 2000	152%	100%	97%	86%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is mostly stable.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	300 - 1,000 m
Species dispersal movement	1,000 - 3,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	1,000 ha





Spotted-tailed quoll species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Dasyurus maculatus

Conservation status in NSW: Endangered



Forecast of landscape capacity



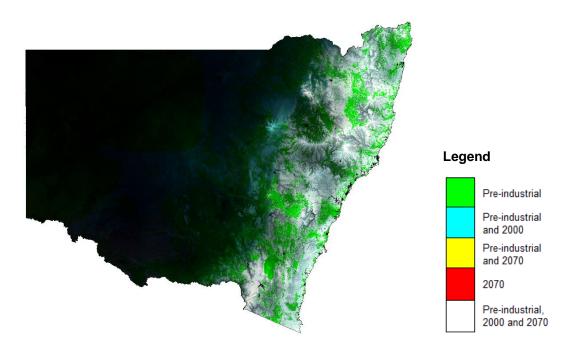
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

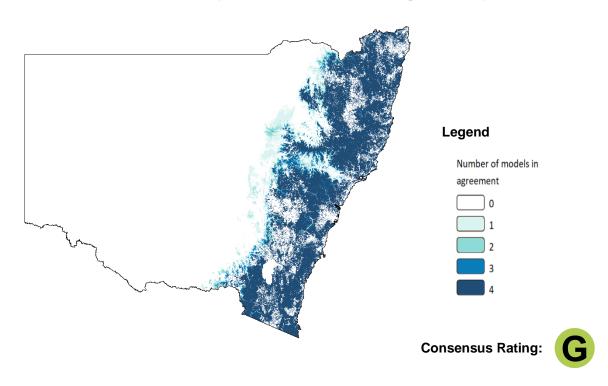
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	65%	52%	46%
Landscape capacity from 2000	154%	100%	80%	71%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, it is contracting, and moving east.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	200 - 5,000 m
Species dispersal movement	2,000 - 40,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	20,000 ha





Black-striped wallaby species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Macropus dorsalis

Conservation status in NSW: Endangered



Forecast of landscape capacity



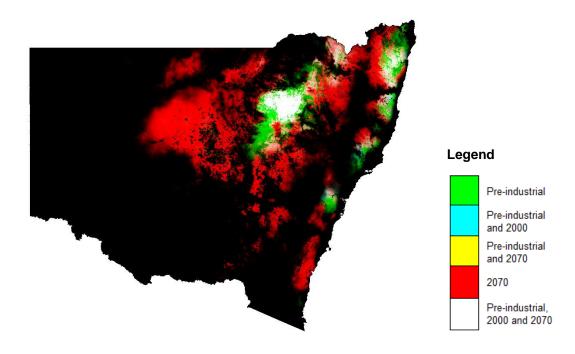
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

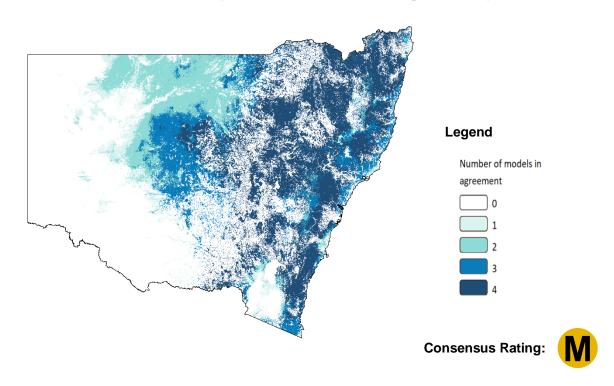
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	45%	243%	293%
Landscape capacity from 2000	222%	100%	540%	651%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is expanding.

Characteristic	Distance/Area	
Species day to day movement ability	500 - 750 m	
Species dispersal movement	1,500 - 10,000 m	
Minimum habitat for viable population	5,000 ha	





Parma wallaby species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Macropus parma

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



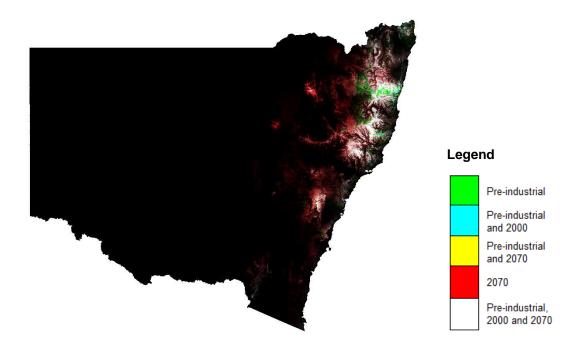
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

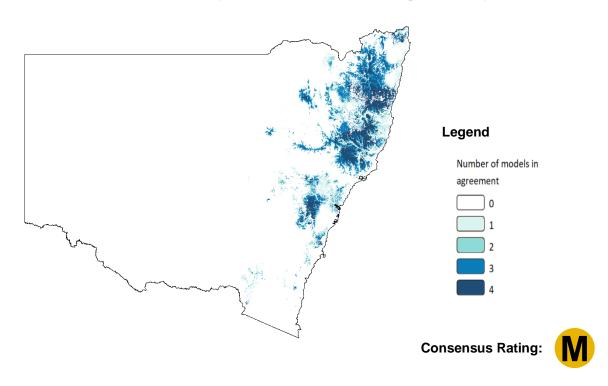
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	84%	93%	153%
Landscape capacity from 2000	119%	100%	111%	182%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is expanding.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	250 - 750 m
Species dispersal movement	500 - 6,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	6,000 ha





Ningaui species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Ningaui yvonneae

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



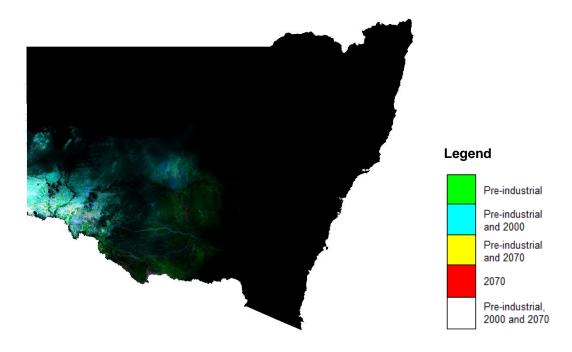
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

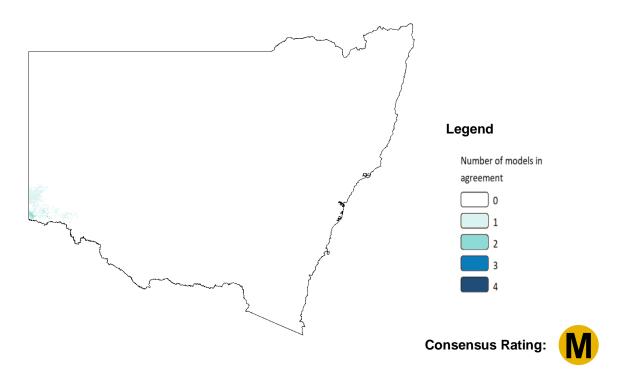
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	46%	12%	5%
Landscape capacity from 2000	217%	100%	26%	11%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is disappearing.

Characteristic	Distance/Area		
Species day to day movement ability	87 - 217 m		
Species dispersal movement	87 - 1,086 m		
Minimum habitat for viable population	12,500 ha		





Greater glider species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Petauroides volans

Conservation status in NSW: Not Listed



Forecast of landscape capacity



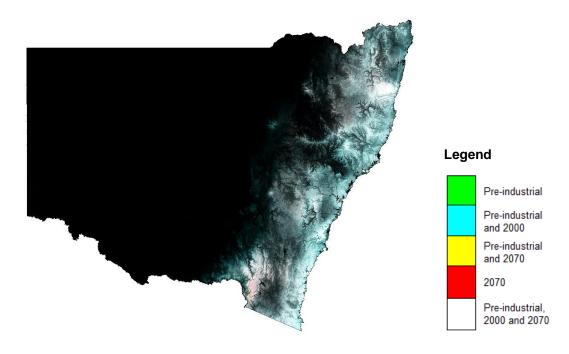
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

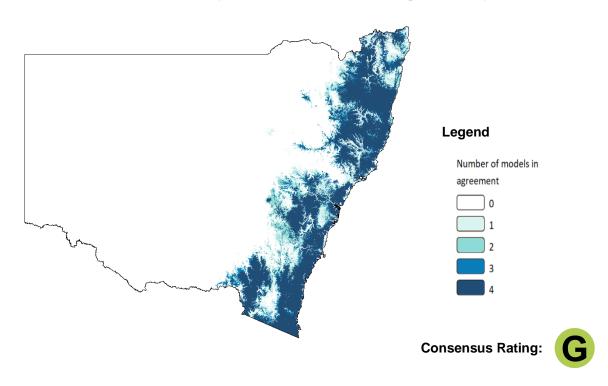
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	99%	85%	69%
Landscape capacity from 2000	101%	100%	86%	70%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	150 - 200 m
Species dispersal movement	500 - 3,500 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	1,500 ha





Squirrel glider species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Petaurus norfolcensis

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



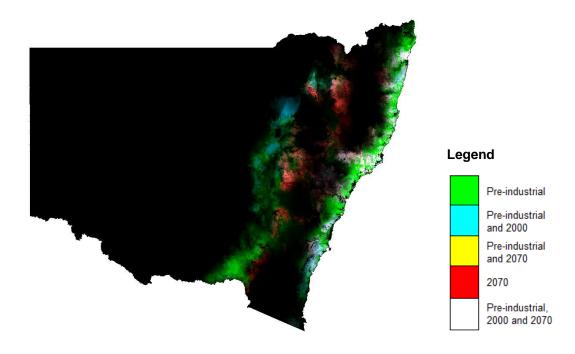
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

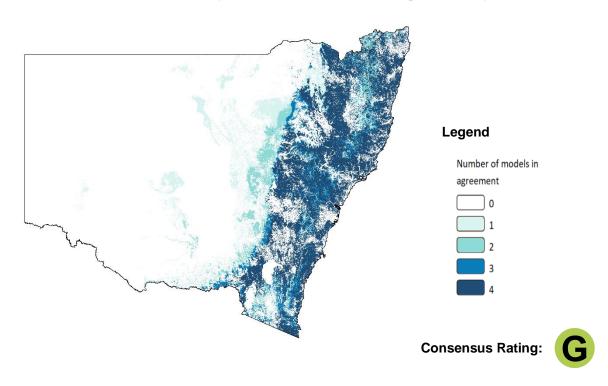
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	34%	21%	37%
Landscape capacity from 2000	294%	100%	62%	109%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to a new range, and moving east.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	250 - 500 m
Species dispersal movement	3,000 - 8,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	10,000 ha





Brush-tailed phascogale species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Phascogale tapoatafa

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



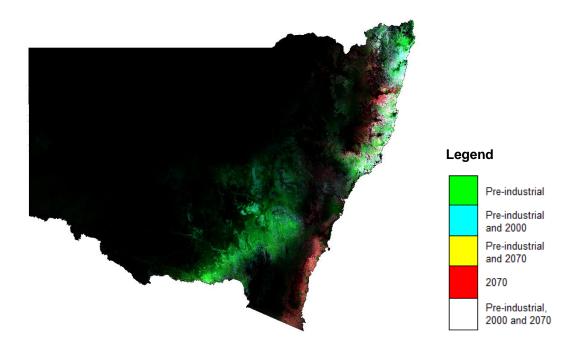
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

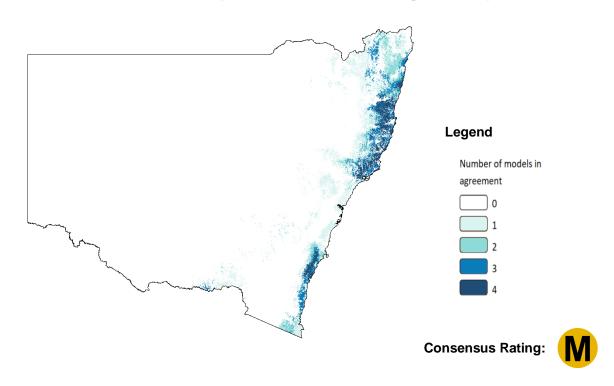
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	45%	19%	36%
Landscape capacity from 2000	222%	100%	42%	80%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to a new range.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	250 - 2,000 m
Species dispersal movement	1000 - 6,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	1,000 ha





Hastings river mouse species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Pseudomys oralis

Conservation status in NSW: Endangered



Forecast of landscape capacity



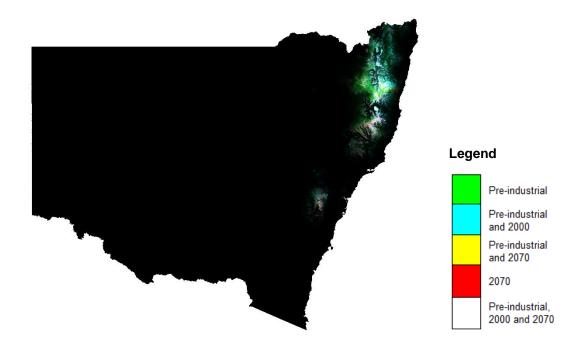
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

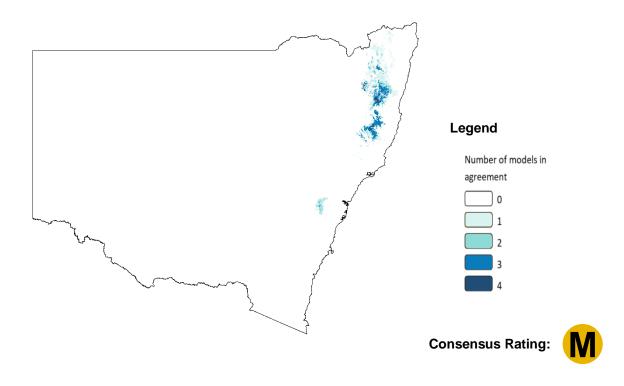
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	62%	29%	30%
Landscape capacity from 2000	161%	100%	47%	48%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, and is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Red-legged pademelon species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Thylogale stigmatica

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



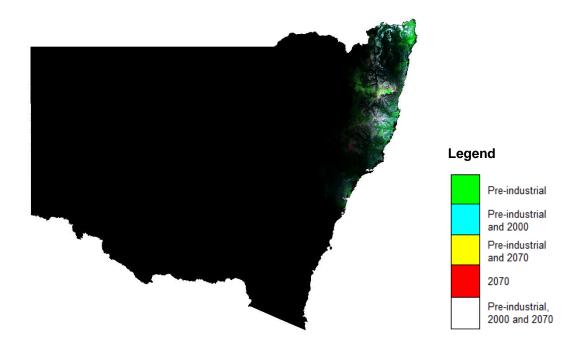
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

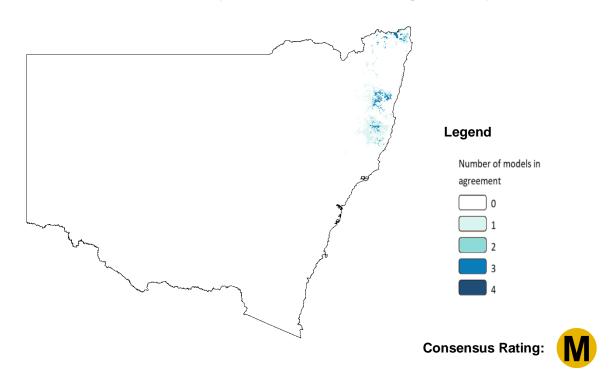
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	58%	28%	23%
Landscape capacity from 2000	172%	100%	48%	40%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area		
Species day to day movement ability	250 - 750 m		
Species dispersal movement	500 - 5,000 m		
Minimum habitat for viable population	1,200 ha		





Pink-tailed legless lizard species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Aprasia parapulchella

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



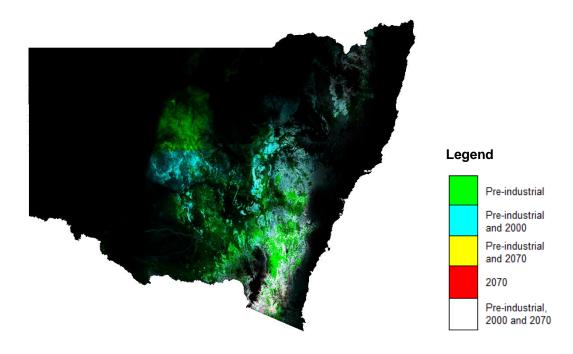
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

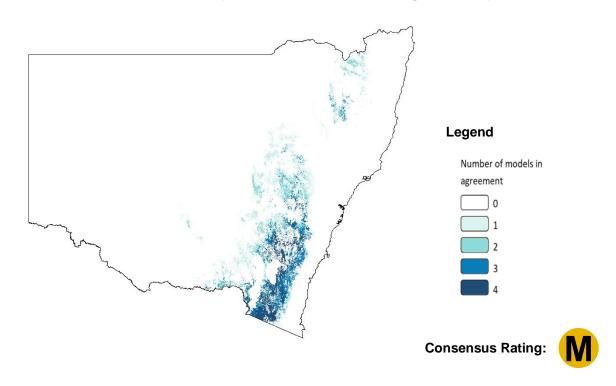
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	58%	33%	22%
Landscape capacity from 2000	172%	100%	57%	38%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	165 - 216 m
Species dispersal movement	303 - 345 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	594 ha





Three-toed snake-tooth skink species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Coeranoscincus reticulatus

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



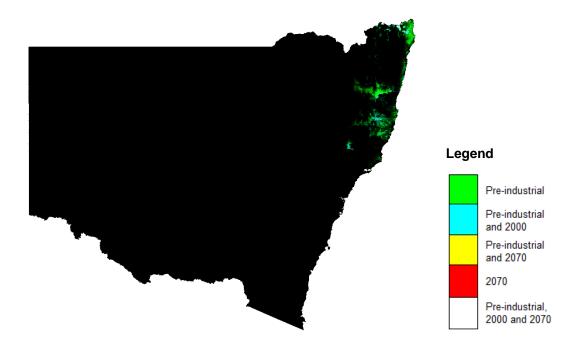
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

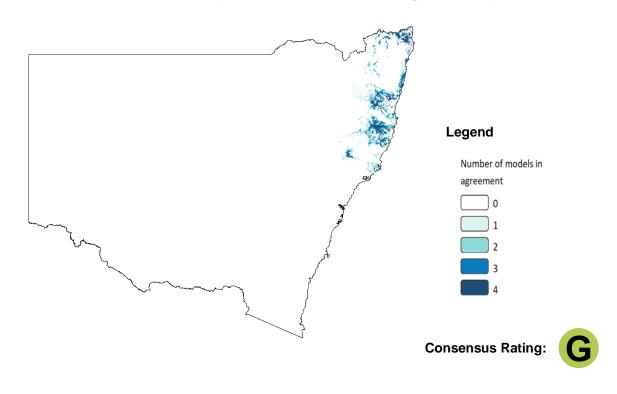
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	20%	9%	4%
Landscape capacity from 2000	500%	100%	45%	20%

Predicted range shift

Projected distribution is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	159 - 209 m
Species dispersal movement	294 - 334 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	547 ha





Striped Legless lizard species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Delma impar
Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



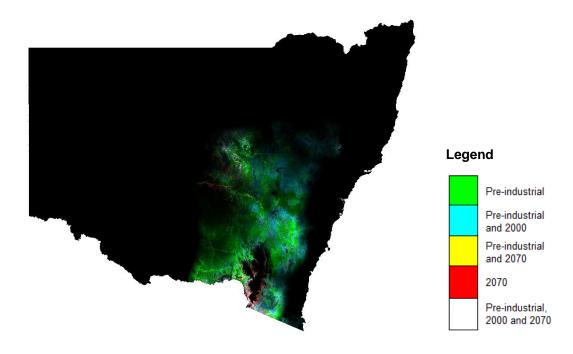
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

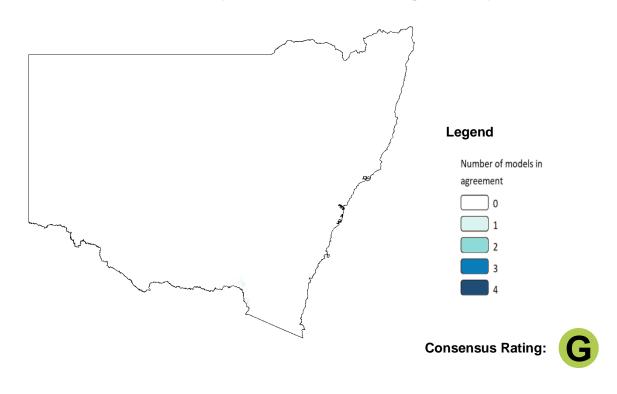
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	48%	17%	12%
Landscape capacity from 2000	208%	100%	35%	25%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation, it is contracting, and moving south.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	N/A
Species dispersal movement	N/A
Minimum habitat for viable population	N/A





Fat-tailed gecko species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Diplodactylus ameyi

Conservation status in NSW: Endangered



Forecast of landscape capacity



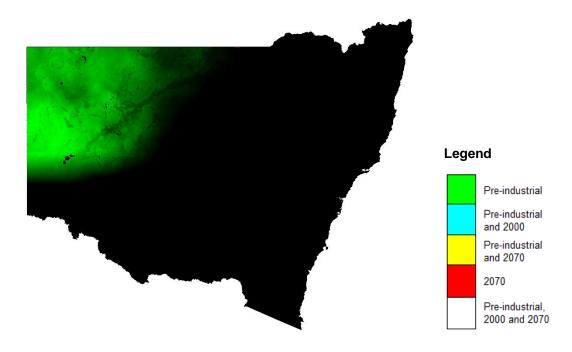
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

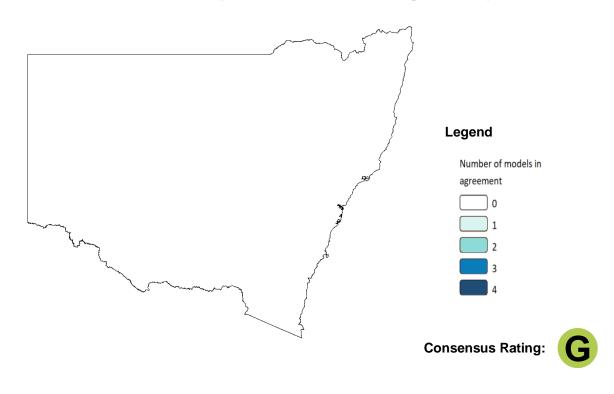
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	1%	1%	1%
Landscape capacity from 2000	10000%	100%	100%	100%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is disappearing.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	120 - 158 m
Species dispersal movement	207 - 235 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	214 ha





Rainforest cool-skink species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Harrisoniascincus zia

Conservation status in NSW: Not Listed



Forecast of landscape capacity



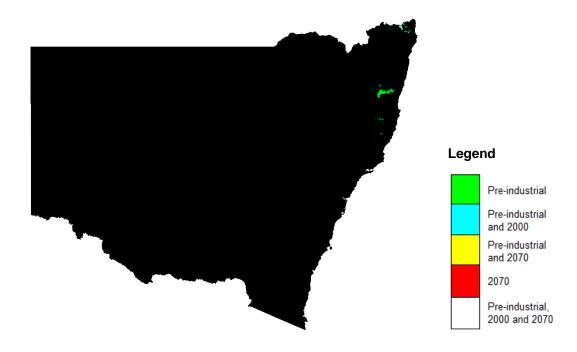
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

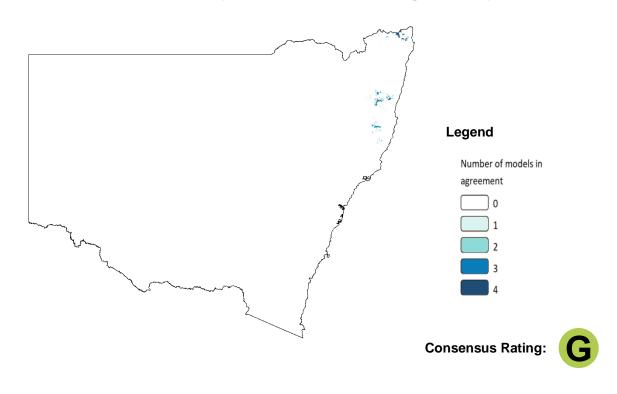
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	28%	20%	6%
Landscape capacity from 2000	357%	100%	71%	21%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	111 - 146 m
Species dispersal movement	172 - 196 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	131 ha





Pale-headed snake species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Hoplocephalus bitorquatus

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



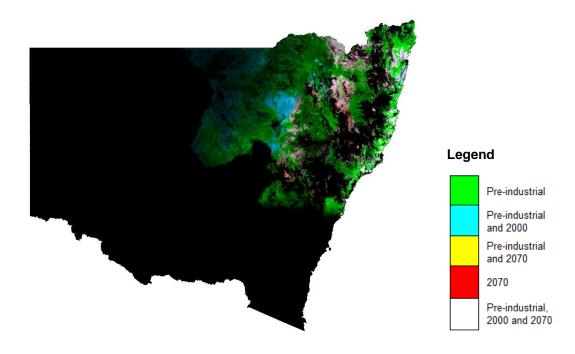
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

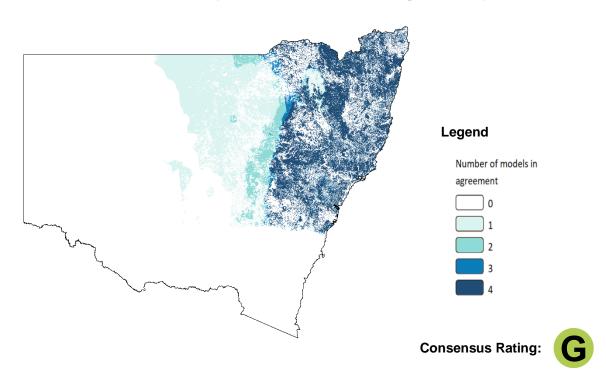
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	35%	22%	26%
Landscape capacity from 2000	286%	100%	63%	74%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	400 - 400 m
Species dispersal movement	1,000 - 1,000 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	5,000 ha





Stephen's banded snake species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Hoplocephalus stephensii

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



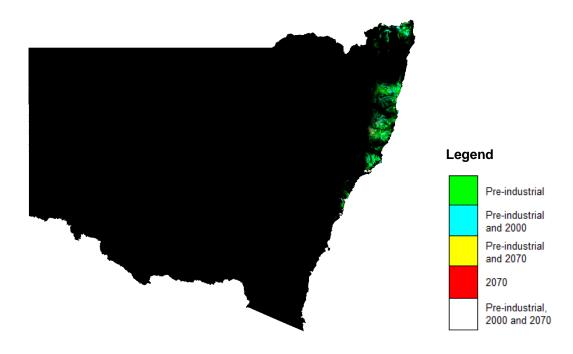
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

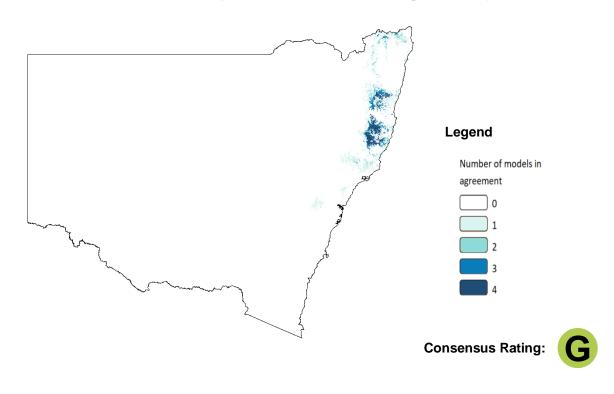
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	24%	1%	1%
Landscape capacity from 2000	417%	100%	4%	4%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is disappearing.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	427 - 561 m
Species dispersal movement	546 - 620 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	2,853 ha





Tryon's skink species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Silvascincus tryoni

Conservation status in NSW: Not Listed



Forecast of landscape capacity



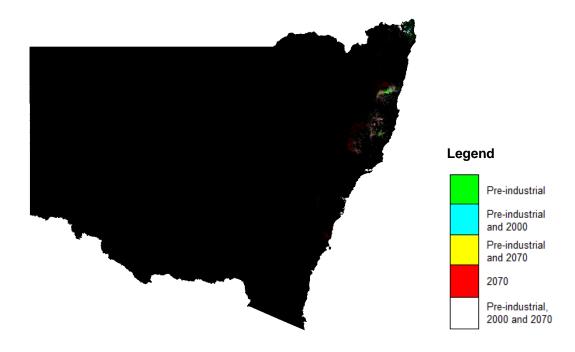
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

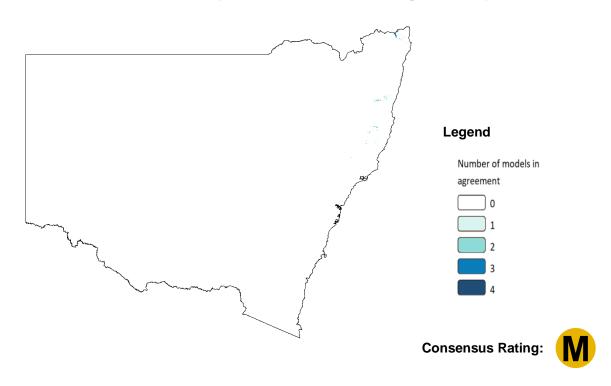
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	65%	49%	48%
Landscape capacity from 2000	154%	100%	75%	74%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is shifting to higher elevation and is moving south.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	125 - 164 m
Species dispersal movement	219 - 249 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	250 ha





Narrow-banded snake species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Brachyurophis fasciolatus

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



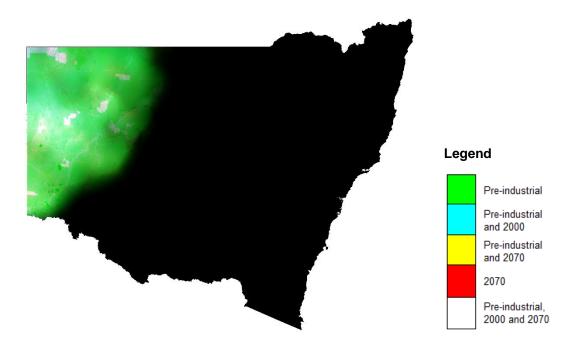
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

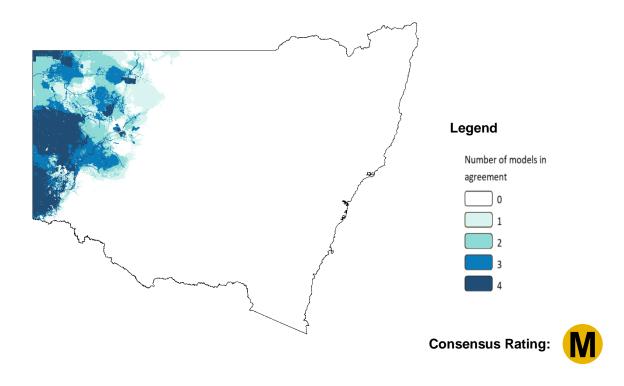
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	33%	37%	24%
Landscape capacity from 2000	303%	100%	112%	73%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is contracting.

Characteristic	Distance/Area	
Species day to day movement ability	5 - 500 m	
Species dispersal movement	10,000 - 20,000 m	
Minimum habitat for viable population	5,000 ha	





Rosenberg's goanna species forecast to 2070

Scientific name: Varanus rosenbergi

Conservation status in NSW: Vulnerable



Forecast of landscape capacity



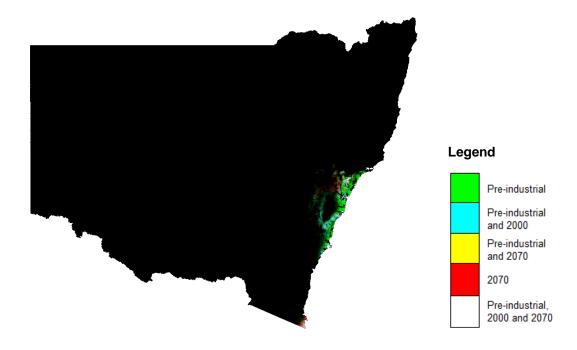
Total landscape capacity remaining over time

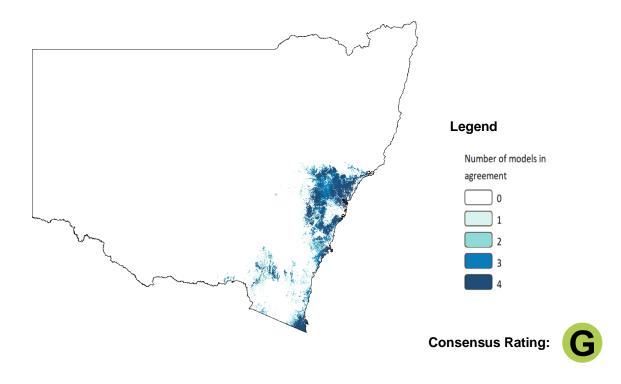
	1750	2000	2030	2070
Landscape capacity from pre-industrial levels	100%	22%	23%	25%
Landscape capacity from 2000	455%	100%	105%	114%

Predicted range shift

Projected landscape capacity is mostly stable.

Characteristic	Distance/Area
Species day to day movement ability	509 - 670 m
Species dispersal movement	593 - 674 m
Minimum habitat for viable population	3,566 ha





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