Title **Estuaries** Alternative title(s) **MER Estuaries Abstract** The Estuaries datasets contain the water boundary of each estuary in NSW up to its tidal limits and includes areas vegetated with the macrophytes seagrass, mangrove, and saltmarsh. A survey of the tidal limits was carried out between 1996 and 2005 by Manly Hydraulics Laboratory on behalf of the former Department of Natural Resources. Coordinates of the tidal limits were mapped, tributary waterway areas extended up to the surveyed tidal limits, and a boundary digitised between the upper (fluvial) catchment draining directly to the river system above the tidal limits and the lower (estuarine) catchment draining directly to the estuary and its tributaries. The catchment area draining into each estuary has been defined as two GIS spatial layers -EstuaryDrainageCatchmentBdy (line feature) and EstuaryDrainageCatchment (polygon feature) - based on the digitising of catchments for the NSW Stressed Rivers Assessments conducted for the water sharing plan process.;; A nine stage method was used to create the Estuaries(Macrophytes) dataset and details how existing spatial data were combined from a number of agencies and projects and developed through consultation with the existing knowledge base of individuals and reports. Two datasets with polygon features were created, one including the extent of the three different macrophyte types, the other merging macrophyte extent with the estuary water surface (this dataset). These layers were required for calculating basic physical characteristics of each estuary such as area, depth, volume, dilution and flushing; modelling of catchment runoff; development of a new chlorophyll response-based classification system for NSW estuaries and normalising pressures for valid comparisons between estuaries. Separate fluvial and estuary catchments were required for future investigation of causal relationships between catchment pressures above or below the tidal limits and estuary health. Resource locator NSWEstuaries20110331 Name: NSWEstuaries20110331 Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-http--download Description: Data download package Function: download Name: ArcGIS REST Service **ArcGIS REST Service** Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-http--download Description: An ArcGIS Server web service represents a GIS resource such as a map, locator, or image that is located on an ArcGIS Server site and is made available to client applications. Depending on the layers enabled, this web service allows a user to query its features and/or visualise the dataset. This service is aimed at advanced geographical information users, and will require access to geographical information system (GIS) software such as ArcGIS/ArcMap. Function: download Unique resource identifier Code 1a48d3ba-f1c7-4ade-914d-5de052f78462 Presentation form documentDigital

Edition Version 1

Dataset language eng

Metadata standard

ANZLIC Metadata Profile: An Australian/New Zealand Profile of AS/NZS ISO Name

19115:2005, Geographic information - Metadata

Version	1.1		
Dataset URI	https://datasets.seed.nsw.gov.au/dataset/1a48d3ba-f1c7-4ade-914d-5de052f78462		
Purpose	This estuary dataset was developed under a new Monitoring, Evaluation and Reporting (MER) Program initiated by the NSW Government in 2007 to assess and better manage the health of natural resources across the State. The ME Program is in response to the NSW Natural Resources MER Strategy which he objective of providing appropriate information for decision-making by natural resource managers.	s R	
Status	completed		
Spatial representation			
Туре	vector		
Geometric Object Type	curve		
Geometric Object Count	0		
Spatial reference syst	em		
Authority code	GDA94 Geographic (Lat\Long)		
Code identifying the spatial reference system	4283		
Spatial resolution	50 m		
Additional information source	This mapping was done as part of the NSW Monitoring Evaluation and Reporting Program - Estuaries Theme;;REPORT_NSWEstuariesCatchments.d	oc	
Topic category	Water		
Topic category Keyword set	Water		
	WATER		
Keyword set			
Keyword set	WATER		
Keyword set	WATER WATER-Rivers MARINE-Coasts		
Keyword set keyword value Originating controlled voca	WATER WATER-Rivers MARINE-Coasts bulary ANZLIC Search Words		
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Keyword set keyword value Originating controlled voca Title Reference date Geographic location	WATER WATER-Rivers MARINE-Coasts bulary ANZLIC Search Words 2008-05-16		
Keyword set keyword value Originating controlled voca Title Reference date Geographic location West bounding longitude	WATER WATER-Rivers MARINE-Coasts bulary ANZLIC Search Words 2008-05-16		
Keyword set keyword value Originating controlled voca Title Reference date Geographic location West bounding longitude East bounding longitude	WATER WATER-Rivers MARINE-Coasts bulary ANZLIC Search Words 2008-05-16 148.7629 153.866		
Keyword set keyword value Originating controlled voca Title Reference date Geographic location West bounding longitude East bounding longitude North bounding latitude	WATER WATER-Rivers MARINE-Coasts bulary ANZLIC Search Words 2008-05-16 148.7629 153.866 -37.9713		
Keyword set keyword value Originating controlled voca Title Reference date Geographic location West bounding longitude East bounding longitude North bounding latitude South bounding latitude	WATER WATER-Rivers MARINE-Coasts bulary ANZLIC Search Words 2008-05-16 148.7629 153.866 -37.9713 -27.9886 NSW		
Keyword set keyword value Originating controlled voca Title Reference date Geographic location West bounding longitude East bounding longitude North bounding latitude South bounding latitude NSW Place Name	WATER WATER-Rivers MARINE-Coasts bulary ANZLIC Search Words 2008-05-16 148.7629 153.866 -37.9713 -27.9886 NSW		

Coordinate reference system	
	urn:ogc:def:cs:EPSG::
Authority code	-
Code identifying the coordinate reference system	5711
Temporal extent	
Begin position	2008-01-01
End position	N/A
Dataset reference date	
Date type	creation
Effective date	2008-04-24
Date type	publication
Effective date	2010-12-28
Date type	revision
Effective date	2010-12-28
Resource maintenance	
Maintenance and update frequency	notPlanned
Contact info	
Organisation name	Department of Planning, Industry and Environment
Full postal address	PO Box A290
	Sydney South
	NSW
	1232
	Australia
	data.broker@environment.nsw.gov.au
Telephone number	131555
Facsimile number	02 9995 5999
r dominio number	
Email address	data.broker@environment.nsw.gov.au

Lineage

The initial stage in developing the Estuaries datasets was to create hydrological catchment layers comprising line (EstuaryDrainageCatchmentsBdy) and polygon (EstuaryDrainageCatchments) feature classes. These initial datasets defined a true representation of the hydrological catchment/watershed for NSW coastal estuaries.;; Whilst there was a clear goal at the beginning of the project the output datasets were not specified, nor were the methods or datasets from which they would be produced. Instead the project has evolved as datasets have become available and input has been received on the suitability and usability of certain themes. ; ; Stage 1: Defining the Estuarine and Freshwater Waterbodies.; The areas representing the estuarine and freshwater waterbodies were defined using Waterbody Area from TOPO DELIVERY. HydroArea (LPMA) and Tidal and Mangrove Limit, Survey of Tidal Limits and Mangrove Limits in NSW estuaries 1996 to 2005. Only continuous waterbodies located downstream of the tidal limits (Tidal and Mangrove Limit - DNR, 2006) were selected. Waterbodies that intersected the tidal limit were cut and attributed separately with a designation of Freshwater for those sections upstream of the tidal limit. Before cutting the waterbodies the following information was referred to: location of the tidal limit points, location descriptions in the attribute table and a topographic image.; NB. In the course of the project several errors with the topographic water body boundary

were identified.;; Stage 2: Unioning the Hydrological Catchments & Waterbodies. The EstuaryDrainageCatchments and estuarine and freshwater waterbodies created in Stage 1 were combined through use of the union command. This created a combined spatial layer representing estuarine waterbodies and catchments and freshwater waterbodies.;; Stage 3: Inclusion of NSW Macrophyte Mapping.; After consideration it was decided that the incorporation of macrophyte information with the waterbody layer would more accurately represent the estuarine area. This produced a dataset which could assist in estuarine modelling. The macrophyte information comprising areas of seagrass (predominantly inundated), mangrove (regularly inundated) and saltmarsh (occasionally inundated) from the NSW Department of Primary Industries (DPI) Macrophyte (2005) spatial layer (Estuarine Macrophytes) was incorporated into the temporary hydrological catchments and waterbody layer.; ; This Macrophyte layer did not provide coverage for the Sydney Central Coast area of NSW. A gap existed between the Hunter River and Bellambi Lake catchments, leaving a total of 35 catchments whose estuarine boundary were not altered by the inclusion of macrophyte information. In addition to the Central Coast gap there were a further 36 catchments along the coast that did not have Macrophyte information.;; Stage 4: Inclusion of Central Coast Macrophyte Mapping (DPI, 2008).; Supply of the draft NSW Department of Primary Industries (DPI) Macrophyte 2008 spatial information allowed updating of the estuarine areas for the Central Coast area of NSW from the Hunter River (NthSthNo 60) to Bellambi Lake (NthSthNo 97). The processes and checks were the same as those carried out in Stage 3. Catchments for which macrophyte information did not exist are:; Glenrock Lagoon,; Middle Camp Creek,; Moonee Beach Creek,; Avoca Lake,; Curl Curl Lagoon,; Wattamolla Creek,; Hargraves Creek,; Stanwell Creek,; Stoney Creek,; Flanagans Creek,; Hewitts Creek (Nil Estuary),; Woodlands Creek,; Slacky Creek,; Whartons Creek (Nil Estuary),; Collins Creek (Nil Estuary),; Bellambi Gully,; Bellambi Lake.; ; Stage 5: Representation to CMA region.; The large file size and number of polygons within the dataset, meant that the final layer was difficult to manage. To increase manageability and processing speeds it was decided to represent the dataset through 3 feature classes based on Catchment Management Authority regions. The relevant catchments were selected and exported to create the files:; Northern Rivers; ; Sydney Metro, Hawkesbury-Nepean, and Hunter-Central Rivers;; *Southern Rivers.;; Stage 6: Extending Estuarine areas to the Tidal Limit.; A shortcoming in the datasets from the previous stage is that not all estuarine areas extend to the tidal limit as defined by the Tidal and Mangrove limit (DNR, 2006) dataset. The purpose of Stage 6 was to create a continuous estuarine area from the Tidal Limit to the ocean or bay. It should be noted that the edits here did not involve altering whether an estuarine mouth was open to the sea or not. It did, however, result in continuous estuarine areas flowing into bays.; Any gaps in the dataset were identified and drainage lines were selected from TOPO DELIVERY. HydroLine and buffered by a width of 0.5m giving a total stream width of 1m. The union command was then used to combine these buffered areas with the three CMA datasets created in Stage 5.; ; Stage 7: Defining Estuarine & Non Estuarine Hydrological Catchment Areas.; Defining the catchment boundaries was undertaken by Graeme Short, Natural Resource Project Officer. Graeme has extensive experience in API and used this knowledge to subdivide the existing catchment areas into estuarine and non estuarine (freshwater) catchments. The boundaries were created through on screen digitising with reference to both the topographic contour and drainage layers. The process is very subjective and dependent on the experience of the individual doing the assessment and their ability to remain consistent in their method. There were also a number of constraints with the major one being the limited number of tidal limit points occurring on the smaller tributaries. The other constraint hindering interpretation were those areas which have an altered landscape. These landscapes usually occur on the flatter alluvial areas and have altered watercourses and man-made canals. Examples of these occur in the larger catchments on the North Coast and the Shoalhaven River on the South Coast. For these reasons it is difficult to correctly identify the catchment areas with the end product over exaggerating the total estuarine area. Table 26 identifies those catchments where no catchment was defined due to the absence of tidal limit points.; As stated above the process is a manual one and the outcome may not appropriately represent catchment areas as they occur in the real world. The only current method available that could be used to deliver an improved product would be the use of LiDAR or DEM in conjunction with an increased number of tidal limit points on key tributaries.;; Stage 8: Creating a Simplified Representation of the Estuarine Area.; The inclusion of the macrophyte information created an intricate and large spatial layer. The purpose of simplifying this layer was to remove the internal estuarine detail, creating a generalised waterbody for each estuary. This process was performed by dissolving all internal estuarine boundaries and merging the three CMA areas.

Constraint set

Use constraints

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Limitations on public access

Scope dataset **Completeness Commission** Date type revision Effective date 2001-01-01 Explanation **Completeness Ommission** revision Date type Effective date 2001-01-01 Explanation Responsible party Contact position Data Broker Organisation name Department of Planning, Industry and Environment Full postal address PO Box A290 Sydney South NSW 1232 Australia data.broker@environment.nsw.gov.au Telephone number 131555 Facsimile number 02 9995 5999

data.broker@environment.nsw.gov.au

http://www.planning.nsw.gov.au/

pointOfContact

Email address

Web address

Responsible party role

Metadata point of contact	
Contact position	Data Broker
Organisation name	Department of Planning, Industry and Environment
Full postal address	PO Box A290
	Sydney South
	NSW
	1232
	Australia
	data.broker@environment.nsw.gov.au
Telephone number	131555
Facsimile number	02 9995 5999
Email address	data.broker@environment.nsw.gov.au
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